

# **LARA-L6** series

## Multi-mode LTE Cat 4 modules in smallest form factor

**Data sheet** 



#### **Abstract**

LARA-L6 cellular module features uncompromised global connectivity in a very small form factor. The feature-rich LARA-L6 modules have a comprehensive certification scheme, versatile interfaces, and multi-band and multi-mode capabilities, all which make LARA-L6 modules ideally suited for use in any region and in wide range of applications.





## **Document information**

| Title                  | LARA-L6 series  |             |  |  |
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| Functional sample                | Draft                        | For functional testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.        |  |  |  |
| In development / Prototype       | Objective specification      | Target values. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.                 |  |  |  |
| Engineering sample               | Advance information          | Data based on early testing. Revised and supplementary data will be published later.   |  |  |  |
| Initial production               | Early production information | Data from product verification. Revised and supplementary data may be published later. |  |  |  |
| Mass production /<br>End of life | Production information       | Document contains the final product specification.                                     |  |  |  |

#### This document applies to the following products:

| Type number        | Modem version  | Application version  | PCN reference  | Product status   |
|--------------------|--|--|--|--|
| LARA-L6004-00B-00  | 03.16  | A00.01   | UBX-23003246   | Mass production  |
| LARA-L6004-01B-00  | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | Functional sample  |
| LARA-L6004D-00B-00 | 03.16  | A00.01   | UBX-23003246   | Mass production  |
| LARA-L6004D-01B-00 | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | Functional sample  |
| LARA-L6804D-01B-00 | N/A  | N/A  | N/A  | Functional sample  |
|                    | LARA-L6004-00B-00<br>LARA-L6004-01B-00<br>LARA-L6004D-00B-00<br>LARA-L6004D-01B-00 | LARA-L6004-00B-00 03.16<br>LARA-L6004-01B-00 N/A<br>LARA-L6004D-00B-00 03.16<br>LARA-L6004D-01B-00 N/A | LARA-L6004-00B-00 03.16 A00.01  LARA-L6004-01B-00 N/A N/A  LARA-L6004D-00B-00 03.16 A00.01  LARA-L6004D-01B-00 N/A N/A | LARA-L6004-00B-00 03.16 A00.01 UBX-23003246  LARA-L6004-01B-00 N/A N/A N/A  LARA-L6004D-00B-00 03.16 A00.01 UBX-23003246  LARA-L6004D-01B-00 N/A N/A N/A |

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## 1 Functional description

#### 1.1 Overview

The LARA-L6 series comprises multi-band and multi-mode modules supporting LTE Cat 4 FDD and LTE Cat 4 TDD radio access technology (RAT), with 3G UMTS/HSPA and 2G GSM/GPRS/EGPRS fallback, providing the ideal solution for global and multi-regional coverage in the small LARA LGA form-factor (26.0 x 24.0 mm, 100-pin), which is easy to integrate in compact designs.

With three product variants: the LARA-L6004 voice and data module and LARA-L6004D data-only module, both with global coverage, and the LARA-L6804D data-only module designed with multi-regional coverage for EMEA, APAC, Japan and Latin America regions, customers have great flexibility, can maximize reusing their development efforts, and can simplify logistics.

Versatile interfaces, features, multi-band and multi-mode capabilities make the LARA-L6 series modules ideally suitable for a wide range of applications, such as asset tracking, telematics, remote monitoring, alarm panels, video surveillance, connected health, point of sales terminals, and mobile cameras. Generally, the modules are suited to applications that require high speed data, seamless connectivity, superior coverage, low latency, streaming services, and to industrial applications focused on product life-cycle longevity.

#### 1.2 Product features

| Model       | Region           | Radio Access Technology C                  |  | GNSS  | u-blox<br>services  | Interfaces                                       | Features   | Grade                                  |
|-------------|------------------|--|--|---|---|--|--|--|
|             |                  | LTE Category<br>LTE FDD bands              | LTE TDD bands<br>UMTS/HSPA FDD bands<br>GSW/GPRS/EGPRS bands | Internal GNSS receiver<br>External GNSS control via modem | IoT Security -as-a-Service MQTT Anywhere / MQTT Flex AssistNow software CellLocate® | UART<br>USB 2.0<br>I2C<br>GPIOs<br>Digital audio | Root of Trust Secure boot / update Embedded MQTT / MQTT-SN TCP/IP, UDP/IP, HTTP/FTP TSL/DTLS Dual stack IPv4 / IPv6 FOAT / uFOTA LwMZM 3GPP Power Saving Mode eDRX Last gasp Jamming detection Antenna and SIM detection Antenna and SIM detection Antenna dynamic tuning Antenna dynamic tuning Rx Diversity / Rx MIMO 2x2 VoLTE/CSFB | Standard<br>Professional<br>Automotive |
| LARA-L6004  | Global           | 1,2,3,4,5,7,8<br>4 12,13,18,19<br>20,26,28 | 38,39 1,2<br>40,41 5,8 Quad                                  | •   | • •   | 2 1 1 9 •  | •  | •                                      |
| LARA-L6004D | Global           | 1,2,3,4,5,7,8<br>4 12,13,18,19<br>20,26,28 |  | •   | • •   | 2 1 1 9  | •  | •                                      |
| LARA-L6804D | Multi-<br>Region | 1,2,3,4,5,7,8<br>4 18,19<br>20,26,28       | 1,2<br>5,8 Quad  | •   |   | 2 1 1 9  |  | •                                      |

<sup>• = &</sup>quot;00B", "01B" and future product versions

■ = "01B" and future product versions

Table 1: LARA-L6 series main features summary



### 1.3 Block diagram

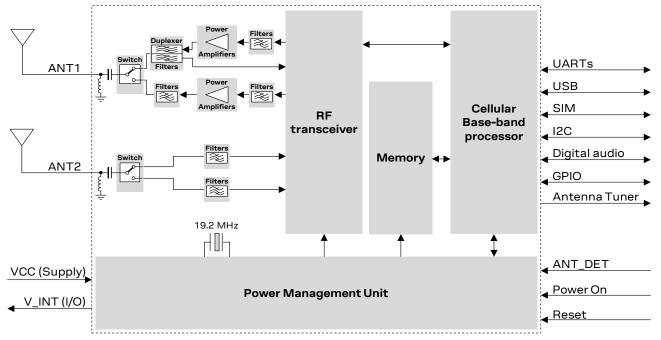


Figure 1: LARA-L6 series block diagram

- The digital audio interface is not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D data-only modules.
- The antenna tuner interface is not supported by the LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions. The corresponding pins are marked as reserved for future use (**RSVD**), they are intended to be left unconnected and they should not be driven by external devices.

## 1.4 Product description

LARA-L6 series modules include three variants providing flexibility to use the bands and the RAT available in specific region or with specific operators:

- The LARA-L6004 data and voice modules and the LARA-L6004D data-only modules are the smallest LTE Cat 4 multi-mode modules for global coverage, providing universal connectivity and simplifying production logistics. These are truly global modules with comprehensive band support including 18 LTE bands plus 3G/2G fallback.
- The LARA-L6804D data-only modules are a multi-regional variant specifically designed for use in EMEA, APAC, Japan and Latin America regions. They support all relevant LTE Cat 4 bands plus 3G/2G fallback.

Except for the LARA-L6004D and LARA-L6804D data-only product versions, the LARA-L6 series modules provide Voice over LTE (VoLTE) and Circuit-Switched-Fall-Back (CSFB) audio capability according to the supported RAT. The 911 and E911 services are not supported.



| 4G LTE                                   | 3G UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA                   | 2G GSM/GPRS/EDGE                                      |
|--|---------------------------------------|---|
| 3GPP Release 10                          | 3GPP Release 9                        | 3GPP Release 9  |
| Long Term Evolution (LTE)                | High Speed Packet Access (HSPA)       | Enhanced Data rate GSM Evolution (EDGE)               |
| Evolved UTRA (E-UTRA)                    | UMTS Terrestrial Radio Access (UTRA)  | GSM EGPRS Radio Access (GERA)                         |
| Frequency/Time Division Duplex (FDD/TDD) | Frequency Division Duplex (FDD)       | Time Division Multiple Access (TDMA)                  |
| DL Multi-Input Multi-Output (MIMO) 2x2   | DL Rx Diversity                       | DL Advanced Rx Performance Phase 1                    |
| LTE Power Class                          | UMTS/HSDPA/HSUPA Power Class          | GSM/GPRS (GMSK) Power Class                           |
| Power Class 3 (23 dBm)                   | <ul> <li>Class 3 (24 dBm)</li> </ul>  | <ul> <li>Class 4 (33 dBm) for 850/900 band</li> </ul> |
|  |                                       | • Class 1 (30 dBm) for 1800/1900 band                 |
|  |                                       | EDGE (8-PSK) Power Class                              |
|  |                                       | • Class E2 (27 dBm) for 850/900 band                  |
|  |                                       | • Class E2 (26 dBm) for 1800/1900 band                |
| Data rate                                | Data rate                             | Data rate   |
| LTE category 4:                          | HSDPA category 24:                    | • GPRS multi-slot class 33 <sup>1</sup> , CS1-CS4,    |
| up to 150 Mbit/s DL,                     | up to 42.2 Mbit/s DL                  | up to 107 kbit/s DL, 85.6 kbit/s UL                   |
| up to 50 Mbit/s UL                       | <ul> <li>HSUPA category 6:</li> </ul> | • EDGE multi-slot class 33 <sup>1</sup> , MCS1-MCS9,  |
|  | up to 5.76 Mbit/s UL                  | up to 296 kbit/s DL, 236.8 kbit/s UL                  |

Table 2: LARA-L6 series LTE, 3G and 2G characteristics summary

| Module                     | Region   | LTE FDD bands <sup>2</sup>  | LTE TDD bands <sup>2</sup>                                       | WCDMA bands  | GSM bands                                    |
|----------------------------|--|---|--|--|--|
| LARA-L6004,<br>LARA-L6004D | Global   | 12 (700 MHz) 28 (700 MHz) 13 (700 MHz) 20 (800 MHz) 18 (850 MHz) 19 (850 MHz) 26 (850 MHz) 5 (850 MHz) 8 (900 MHz) 4 (1700 MHz) 3 (1800 MHz) 2 (1900 MHz) 1 (2100 MHz) 7 (2600 MHz) | 39 (1900 MHz)<br>40 (2300 MHz)<br>41 (2600 MHz)<br>38 (2600 MHz) | 5 (850 MHz)<br>8 (900 MHz)<br>2 (1900 MHz)<br>1 (2100 MHz) | GSM 850<br>E-GSM 900<br>DCS 1800<br>PCS 1900 |
| LARA-L6804D                | Europe, Middle East, Africa,<br>Asia-Pacific,<br>Japan,<br>Latin America | 28 (700 MHz) 20 (800 MHz) 18 (850 MHz) 19 (850 MHz) 26 (850 MHz) 5 (850 MHz) 8 (900 MHz) 4 (1700 MHz) 3 (1800 MHz) 2 (1900 MHz) 1 (2100 MHz) 7 (2600 MHz)                           |  | 5 (850 MHz)<br>8 (900 MHz)<br>2 (1900 MHz)<br>1 (2100 MHz) | GSM 850<br>E-GSM 900<br>DCS 1800<br>PCS 1900 |

Table 3: LARA-L6 series supported LTE, 3G and 2G bands summary

## 1.5 AT command support

The LARA-L6 series modules support AT commands according to 3GPP standards TS 27.007 [8], TS 27.005 [9] and the u-blox AT command extension.



For a complete list of supported AT commands, see the AT commands manual [1].

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 $<sup>^{1}</sup>$  GPRS/EDGE multislot class 33 implies a maximum of 5 slots in DL (reception), 4 slots in UL (transmission) with 6 slots in total.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> LARA-L6 modules support all E-UTRA channel bandwidths for each operating band according to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [11].



RIL (Radio Interface Layer) software for Android is available free of charge, See the Android RIL source code application note [3] for the supported software deliveries and more information.

## 1.6 Supported features

Table 4 lists the main features supported by LARA-L6 series modules. For more details, see the AT commands manual [1].

| Feature  | Description  |
|--|--|
| Device security                                | Device security features include:  |
|  | Secure boot: software authenticity and integrity   |
|  | Secure update: secure delivery of the correct FW to the module   |
| u-blox Firmware update<br>Over The Air (uFOTA) | u-blox firmware update over the air interface client/server solution using LwM2M.  |
| Firmware update Over AT commands (FOAT)        | Firmware update over AT command interfaces.  |
| VoLTE and CSFB audio capability <sup>3</sup>   | Voice over LTE (VoLTE) feature allows voice service over LTE bearer, via embedded IP Multimedia Subsystem (IMS).   |
|  | Circuit Switched Fall-Back (CSFB) feature allows voice service over circuit switched infrastructure (3G or 2G radio access technologies).  |
| LTE Rx MIMO 2x2 /<br>3G Rx Diversity           | Improved cellular link quality and reliability on all operating bands, by 2 receiving antenna.   |
| Network indication                             | GPIO configured to indicate the network status: registered home network, registered roaming, voice or data call enabled, or no service. The feature can be enabled by the +UGPIOC AT command.  |
| Antenna detection                              | The <b>ANT_DET</b> pin provides antenna presence detection capability, as optional features, evaluating the resistance from <b>ANT1</b> and <b>ANT2</b> pins to GND by an external antenna detection circuit implemented on the application board.                   |
| Antenna dynamic tuning <sup>4</sup>            | Control of an external antenna matching IC via two GPIOs changing dynamically the high/low state in real time according to the cellular band used by the module.   |
| Jamming detection                              | Detects "artificial" interference that obscures the operator's carriers entitled to give access to the radio service and reports the start and stop of such conditions to the application processor that can react accordingly.                                      |
| LwM2M  | The LwM2M is a light and compact communication protocol designed for managing IoT machine-to-machine communication between a LwM2M server and a LwM2M client located in lightweight, low power or resource-constrained LwM2M devices, with object data model.        |
| DNS  | Support for DNS functionality.   |
| IPv4/IPv6 dual-stack                           | Capability to move between IPv4 and dual stack network infrastructures. IPv4 and IPv6 addresses can be used.   |
| РРР  | IPv4/IPv6 packets relaying through the cellular protocol stack performed on a Point-to-Point Protocol (PPP) connection established with the external application via a serial interface.  Transitions between Online command mode (OLCM) and PPP mode are supported. |
| Multiple PDP contexts                          | Multiple PDP contexts can be activated, and multi secondary PDP contexts be associated to a primary PDP context.   |
| BIP  | Bearer Independent Protocol (BIP) for Over-the-Air SIM provisioning. The data transfer to/from the SIM uses either an already active PDP context or a new PDP context established with the APN provided by the SIM card.   |
| External u-blox GNSS control via modem         | Access to u-blox positioning chips and modules is available through a dedicated I2C interface. This means that from any host processor, a single serial port can control the cellular module and the u-blox positioning chip or module.                              |
| Embedded AssistNow software                    | Embedded AssistNow Online and AssistNow Offline clients are available to provide better GNSS performance and faster Time-to-First-Fix. An AT command can enable / disable the clients.   |

 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 3}$  Not supported by LARA-L6004D and LARA-L6804D data-only modules

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Not supported by LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions



**Feature** 

| Enables the estimation of device position based on the parameters of the mobile network cells visible to the specific device based on the CellLocate® database  |  |  |  |  |
|---|--|--|--|--|
| A set of AT commands allows CellLocate® service configuration and position request.   |  |  |  |  |
| u-blox is extremely mindful of user privacy. When a position is sent to the CellLocate® server, u-blox is unable to track the SIM used or the specific device.  |  |  |  |  |
| The current module position is provided by a u-blox positioning chip or module or the estimated position from CellLocate® depending on which method provides the best and fastest solution according to the user configuration.   |  |  |  |  |
| A set of AT commands allows Hybrid positioning service configuration and position request.  |  |  |  |  |
| Constant monitoring of the module board temperature:  |  |  |  |  |
| <ul> <li>Warning notification when the temperature approaches an upper or lower predefined threshold</li> <li>Shutdown notified and forced when the temperature value is outside the specified range (shutdown suspended in case of an emergency call in progress)</li> </ul>   |  |  |  |  |
| The optional Smart Temperature Supervisor feature is by default disabled, and it can be enabled and configured through the +USTS AT command.  |  |  |  |  |
| The sensor measures the board temperature, which can differ from ambient temperature.   |  |  |  |  |
| In case of power supply outage the cellular module can be configured through the +ULGASP AT command to send an alarm notification to a remote entity.   |  |  |  |  |
| The power saving configuration is disabled by default, but it can be enabled and configured using the +UPSV AT command. When the power saving is enabled, the module automatically enters the low power idle mode whenever possible, reducing current consumption.  |  |  |  |  |
| The Fast Dormancy feature, based on 3GPP specifications, allows reduction of current consumption and network utilization during periods of data inactivity.   |  |  |  |  |
| The Power Saving Mode (PSM) feature, based on 3GPP specifications, allows further reduction of the module current consumption maximizing the amount of time a device can remain in PSM low power deep-sleep mode during periods of data inactivity.   |  |  |  |  |
| Extended idle mode Discontinuous Reception (eDRX) feature, based on 3GPP specifications, reduces the amount of signaling overhead decreasing the frequency of scheduled measurements and/or transmissions performed by the module in idle mode. This in turn leads to a reduction in the module power consumption while maintaining a perpetual connection with the base station. |  |  |  |  |
| This feature allows the modules to autonomously restore the flash file system using the last backup stored on the module itself. For further details about the backup and restore feature, see the +UBKUPDATA AT command description in the AT commands manual [1], and the related section in the application development guide [7]  |  |  |  |  |
|   |  |  |  |  |

Table 4: Main features supported by LARA-L6 series modules

Description

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 $<sup>^{\</sup>rm 5}$  Not supported by LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions



## 2 Interfaces

## 2.1 Power management

### 2.1.1 Module supply input (VCC)

LARA-L6 series modules must be supplied through the three **VCC** pins by a DC power supply. Voltage must be stable, because during operation the current drawn from **VCC** can vary by some order of magnitude, especially due to the surging consumption profile of the GSM system (described in the system integration manual [2]). It is important that the external system power supply circuit can support peak power.

LARA-L6 series modules provide separate supply inputs over the three VCC pins:

- VCC pins #52 and #53 represent the supply input for the internal RF power amplifiers, demanding
  most of the total current drawn by the module when RF transmission is enabled
- VCC pin #51 represents the supply input for the internal baseband Power Management Unit and the internal transceiver, demanding a minor part of the total current drawn by the module when RF transmission is enabled

### 2.1.2 Generic digital interfaces supply output (V\_INT)

LARA-L6 series modules provide a 1.8 V supply rail output on the **V\_INT** pin, which is internally generated when the module is switched on. The same voltage domain is used internally to supply the generic digital interfaces of the modules (as the UARTs, I2C, I2S, GPIOs). The **V\_INT** supply output can be used in place of an external discrete regulator.



It is recommended to provide accessible test point directly connected to the **V\_INT** input pin.

#### 2.2 Antenna interfaces

#### 2.2.1 Antenna RF interfaces

The modules have two RF pins with a characteristic impedance of 50  $\Omega$ . The primary antenna pin (ANT1) supports both Tx and Rx, providing the main antenna interface, while the secondary antenna pin (ANT2) supports Rx only for the LTE Down-Link MIMO 2x2 and 3G Rx diversity configuration.

#### 2.2.2 Antenna detection

The **ANT\_DET** pin is an Analog to Digital Converter (ADC) input with a current source provided by LARA-L6 series modules to sense the external antenna(s) presence (as an optional feature). It evaluates the resistance from **ANT1** and **ANT2** pins to GND by means of an external antenna detection circuit implemented on the application board. For more details, see the system integration manual [2] and the AT commands manual [1].

## 2.3 System functions

#### 2.3.1 Module power-on

When LARA-L6 series modules are not powered, they can be switched on as following:

Applying a voltage at the VCC module supply input within the operating range (see Table 11), and
then forcing a low level at the PWR\_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up,
for a valid time period (see section 4.2.9, module switch on).



When LARA-L6 series modules are in power-off mode (switched off, with a voltage at the **VCC** module supply input within the normal operating range reported in Table 11), they can be switched on by:

 Forcing a low level at the PWR\_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section 4.2.9, module switch on).

The **PWR\_ON** line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector, or contact switch.

T

It is recommended to provide accessible test point directly connected to the PWR\_ON input pin.

#### 2.3.2 Module power-off

LARA-L6 series can be properly switched off, with storage of the current parameter settings in the module's internal non-volatile memory and a clean network detach, in one of these ways:

- AT+CPWROFF command (see the AT commands manual [1]).
- Forcing a low pulse at the PWR\_ON input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see section 4.2.9, module graceful switch-off). The PWR\_ON line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

An emergency faster and safe power-off procedure of LARA-L6 series modules, without proper network detach, can be triggered by:

- AT+CFUN=10 command (see the AT commands manual [1]).
- Toggling the GPIO input pin configured with the fast and safe power-off function (see section 2.8)

An abrupt shutdown occurs on LARA-L6 series modules, without storage of the current parameter settings and without a clean network detach, when:

- The VCC supply drops below the extended operating range minimum limit
- Forcing a low level at the RESET\_N input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for
  a valid time period (see 4.2.10, module abrupt emergency switch-off). The RESET\_N line is
  intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

An over-temperature or an under-temperature shutdown occurs on LARA-L6 series modules when the temperature measured within the cellular module reaches the dangerous area, if the optional Smart Temperature Supervisor feature is enabled and configured by the dedicated AT command. For more details, see 4.2.15 and the AT commands manual [1], +USTS AT command.

#### 2.3.3 Module reset

LARA-L6 series modules can be reset (rebooted), with storage of the current parameter settings in the module's internal non-volatile memory and a clean network detach, by:

- AT+CFUN=16 command (see the AT commands manual [1] for description and other options).
- Forcing a low level at the **RESET\_N** input pin, which is normally set high by an internal pull-up, for a valid time period (see 4.2.10, module reset / reboot). The **RESET\_N** line is intended to be driven by open drain, open collector or contact switch.

#### 2.4 SIM interface

#### 2.4.1 SIM card / chip interface

LARA-L6 series modules include an interface to connect an external SIM card / chip over the **VSIM**, **SIM\_IO**, **SIM\_CLK**, **SIM\_RST** pins: the high-speed SIM/ME interface is implemented as well as the automatic detection of the required SIM supporting voltage.

Both 1.8 V and 3.0 V SIM types are supported (1.8 V and 3.0 V ME). Activation and deactivation with automatic voltage switch from 1.8 V to 3.0 V is implemented, according to ISO-IEC 7816-3 specs.



#### 2.4.2 SIM card detection

LARA-L6 series modules provide the SIM detection function over the **GPIO5** pin to sense the SIM card physical presence (as an optional feature) when the pin of the module is properly connected to the mechanical switch of the SIM car holder (see the system integration manual [2]).

#### 2.5 Serial communication

LARA-L6 series modules provide the following serial communication interfaces:

- Two UART interfaces: serial interfaces available for the communication with a host application processor (AT commands, data, FW update by FOAT).
- USB interface: Universal Serial Bus 2.0 compliant interface available for the communication with a host application processor (AT commands, data communication, FW update by the FOAT feature), for FW update by the u-blox EasyFlash tool and for diagnostic.
- I2C interface: I2C bus compatible interface available for the communication with u-blox GNSS positioning chips/modules and with external I2C devices as an audio codec.

#### 2.5.1 UART interfaces

LARA-L6 series modules include a main primary Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter serial interface (UART) for communication with an application host processor, supporting AT commands, data communication, multiplexer protocol functionality including virtual channel for GNSS tunneling, and FW update by FOAT:

- 8-wire serial port with RS-232 functionality conforming to ITU-T V.24 recommendation [14], with CMOS compatible levels (0 V for low data bit / ON state, 1.8 V for high data bit / OFF state)
  - Data lines (RXD output, TXD input),
  - o hardware flow control lines (CTS output, RTS input),
  - modem status and control lines (DTR input, DSR output, DCD output, RI output)<sup>6</sup>
- Hardware flow control (default factory-programmed setting), or none flow control are supported
- 115'200 bit/s (default factory-programmed setting), 230'400 bit/s, 460'800 bit/s, 921'600 bit/s, and 3'000'000 bit/s baud rates are supported
- The default factory-programmed frame format is 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)

LARA-L6 series modules include a secondary auxiliary Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter serial interface (UART AUX) for communication with an application host processor, supporting AT commands, data communication, and FW update by FOAT:

- 4-wire serial port with RS-232 functionality conforming to ITU-T V.24 recommendation [14], with CMOS compatible signal levels (0 V for low data bit / ON state, 1.8 V for high data bit / OFF state)
  - o Data lines (DCD as data output, DTR as data input)
  - o HW flow control lines (RI as flow control output, DSR as flow control input)
- Hardware flow control (default setting), or none flow control are supported
- 115'200 bit/s (default setting), 230'400 bit/s, 460'800 bit/s, 921'600 bit/s, and 3'000'000 bit/s baud rates are supported
- The default frame format is 8N1 (8 data bits, no parity, 1 stop bit)

The UART serial interfaces can be conveniently configured through AT commands: for more details, see the AT commands manual [1] (+IPR, +ICF, +IFC, &K, \Q, &S, &D, &C, +UPSV, +USIO, +UUARTCONF AT commands).

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>6</sup> Alternatively, **DTR**, **DSR**, **DCD** and **RI** pins can be mutually exclusively configured as a secondary auxiliary UART interface



#### 2.5.1.1 Multiplexer protocol

LARA-L6 series modules include multiplexer functionality as per 3GPP TS 27.010 [10] on the main primary UART physical interface. The multiplexer functionality is not supported on the secondary auxiliary UART physical interface.

The multiplexer functionality is a data link protocol which uses HDLC-like framing and operates between the module (DCE) and the application processor (DTE), allowing several simultaneous sessions over the physical link (main primary UART): the user can concurrently use AT interface on one MUX channel and data communication on another MUX channel.

The following virtual channels are available (see the Mux implementation application note [5]):

- Multiplexer control
- AT commands / data connection
- GNSS data tunneling

#### 2.5.2 USB interface

LARA-L6 series modules include a USB High-Speed 2.0 compliant interface with a maximum 480 Mbit/s data rate according to the Universal Serial Bus specification revision 2.0 [15]. The module itself acts as a USB device and can be connected to any compatible USB host.

The USB interface is available for communication with a host application processor (AT commands, data communication, GNSS tunneling, FW update the FOAT feature), for FW update the u-blox EasyFlash tool and for diagnostics.

The **USB\_D+** / **USB\_D-** lines carry the USB data and signaling. The USB interface is automatically enabled by an external valid USB VBUS voltage applied on the **VUSB\_DET** input pin of the module.



The USB interface of LARA-L6 series modules is enabled only if an external voltage detectable as High logic level (see Table 24 for the voltage values) is present at the **VUSB\_DET** input during the module' switch-on boot sequence. This configuration can be changed by AT+UUSBDET command.

The USB interface provides several functions with various capabilities and purposes, such as:

- Virtual serial port over USB for AT commands and data communication
- Virtual serial port over USB for GNSS tunneling
- Virtual serial port over USB for Diagnostic log
- Ethernet over USB

The user can concurrently use the AT command interface on one CDC, and packet switched / circuit switched data communication on another CDC.

LARA-L6 series modules are compatible with the standard Linux/Android USB kernel drivers.



It is highly recommended to provide access to the **VUSB\_DET**, **USB\_D+**, **USB\_D-** pins for FW update and for diagnostic purpose, by test points directly connected to the pins.

#### 2.5.3 I2C interface

LARA-L6 series modules include an I2C-bus compatible interface (**SDA** and **SCL** pins) available to communicate with an external u-blox GNSS chips / modules, and with external compatible I2C devices as for example an audio codec: LARA-L6 series module acts as an I2C host which can communicate with I2C local devices in accordance with the I2C bus specifications [16].

For more details regarding I2C interface usage and the integration with a u-blox GNSS receiver, see the system integration manual [2], GNSS implementation application note [4], and the I2C and GNSS AT commands description in the u-blox AT commands manual [1].



#### 2.6 Audio interface

**T** 

LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D data-only modules do not support voice / audio and the related 4-wire I2S digital audio interface (I2S\_TXD, I2S\_RXD, I2S\_CLK, I2S\_WA).

LARA-L6004 modules support Voice over LTE (VoLTE) as well as Circuit-Switched Fall-Back (CSFB) from LTE to 3G or 2G radio bearer for providing audio services. The modules include a 4-wire I2S digital audio interface (I2S\_TXD, I2S\_RXD, I2S\_CLK, I2S\_WA) that can be configured by AT command in PCM mode (short synchronization signal) or in normal I2S mode (long synchronization signal) to transfer digital audio data to/from an external device as an audio codec.

### 2.7 Clock output

**T** 

LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D data-only modules do not support GPIO6 clock output.

LARA-L6004 modules provide a digital clock output on **GPIO6** pin. This is mainly designed to feed the clock input of an external audio codec, as the clock output is generated only when the audio is active.

### 2.8 GPIO pins

LARA-L6 series modules include 9 pins (**GPIO1-GPIO5**, **I2S\_TXD**, **I2S\_RXD**, **I2S\_CLK**, **I2S\_WA**) that can be configured as General Purpose Input/Output or to provide custom functions as summarized in the **Table 5** (for further details, see the GPIO section in the AT commands manual [1]).

| Function                                 | Description   | Default GPIO                      | Configurable GPIOs                   |
|--|---|-----------------------------------|--------------------------------------|
| Network status indication                | Network status: registered home network, registered roaming, data transmission, no service                  | -                                 | GPIO1, GPIO2,<br>GPIO3, GPIO4        |
| GNSS supply enable                       | Enable/disable the supply of u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the cellular module                          | GPIO2                             | GPIO1, GPIO2,<br>GPIO3, GPIO4        |
| GNSS data ready                          | Sense when u-blox GNSS receiver connected to the module is ready for sending data by the I2C                | GPIO3                             | GPIO3                                |
| SIM card detection                       | External SIM card physical presence detection   | GPIO5                             | GPIO5                                |
| SIM card hot insertion/removal           | Enable / disable SIM interface upon detection of external SIM card physical insertion / removal             |                                   | GPIO5                                |
| RI                                       | Main UART Ring Indicator output function  |                                   | All                                  |
| DTR                                      | Main UART DTR input line function   |                                   | GPIO3, GPIO4                         |
| Last gasp                                | Input to trigger last gasp notification by applying a rising or falling edge according to AT+ULGASP setting |                                   | GPIO3                                |
| Faster and safe power-off                | Input to trigger emergency fast and safe shutdown of the module (as AT+CFUN=10) by applying a rising edge   | -                                 | GPIO3                                |
| I2S digital audio interface <sup>7</sup> | I2S digital audio interface   | I2S_RXD, I2S_TXD, I2S_CLK, I2S_WA | I2S_RXD, I2S_TXD,<br>I2S_CLK, I2S_WA |
| General purpose input                    | Input to sense high or low digital level  |                                   | All                                  |
| General purpose output                   | Output to set the high or the low digital level   | GPIO4                             | All                                  |
| Pin disabled                             | Tri-state with an internal active pull-down enabled   | GPIO1                             | All                                  |
|  |   |                                   |                                      |

Table 5: GPIO custom functions configuration

 $<sup>^7</sup>$  I2S is not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D data-only modules: I2S pins are by default set as pin disabled.



## 2.9 Antenna dynamic tuner interface

T

The antenna dynamic tuner interface is not supported by LARA-L6004-00B / LARA-L6004D-00B product versions.

LARA-L6 series modules include two 1.8 V digital output pins (**RFCTRL1** and **RFCTRL2**) that are configured to control in real time an external antenna tuning IC, as optional feature, changing their output value dynamically according to the actual cellular band in use by the module.

### 2.10 Reserved pins

LARA-L6 series modules include pins reserved for future use, marked as **RSVD**, which can all be left unconnected on the application board, except connecting a test point to the **RSVD #33** pin.



## Pin definition

#### 3.1 Pin assignment

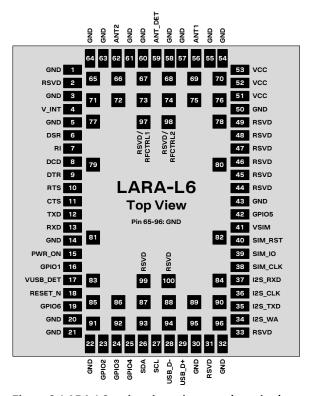


Figure 2: LARA-L6 series pin assignment (top view)

| No | Name  | Power<br>domain | I/O     | Description  | Remarks  |
|----|-------|-----------------|---------|--|--|
| 1  | GND   | =               | N/A     | Ground   | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 2  | RSVD  | -               | N/A     | RESERVED pin                                       | Pin reserved for future use. Internally not connected.   |
| 3  | GND   | -               | N/A     | Ground   | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 4  | V_INT | -               | 0       | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output           | V_INT = 1.8 V (typical) generated by the module when it is switched-on, outside low power deep sleep mode.  See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs.  Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.  |
| 5  | GND   | -               | N/A     | Ground   | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 6  | DSR   | GDI             | O/<br>I | UART data set ready /<br>AUX UART request to send  | Circuit 107 in ITU-T V.24 (DSR output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as second auxiliary UART RTS (HW flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs. |
| 7  | RI    | GDI             | 0/      | UART ring indicator /<br>AUX UART clear to send    | Circuit 125 in ITU-T V.24 (RI output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively configurable as second auxiliary UART CTS (HW flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.                            |
| 8  | DCD   | GDI             | 0/      | UART data carrier detect /<br>AUX UART data output | Circuit 109 in ITU-T V.24 (DCD output, push-pull, idle high, active low), alternatively settable as Second Auxiliary UART RXD (data output, push-pull, idle high, active low). See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |



| No | Name     | Power<br>domain | I/O     | Description                                       | Remarks   |
|----|----------|-----------------|---------|---|---|
| 9  | DTR      | GDI             | I/<br>I | UART data terminal ready /<br>AUX UART data input | Circuit 108/2 in ITU-T V. 24 (DTR input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled), alternatively settable as Second Auxiliary UART TXD (data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled). See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs. |
| 10 | RTS      | GDI             | I       | UART ready to send                                | Circuit 105 in ITU-T V.24 (RTS flow control input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 11 | CTS      | GDI             | 0       | UART clear to send                                | Circuit 106 in ITU-T V.24 (CTS hardware flow control output, push-pull, idle high, active low).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 12 | TXD      | GDI             | I       | UART data input                                   | Circuit 103 in ITU-T V.24 (TxD data input, idle high, active low, with internal active pull-up enabled).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 13 | RXD      | GDI             | 0       | UART data output                                  | Circuit 104 in ITU-T V.24 (RxD data output, push-pull, idle high, active low).  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 14 | GND      | -               | N/A     | Ground  | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 15 | PWR_ON   | POS             | I       | Power-on input                                    | Internal pull-up. Active low. See section 4.2.9 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.  |
| 16 | GPIO1    | GDI             | I/O     | GPIO  | GPIO configurable as described in section 2.8. Push-pull output type. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 17 | VUSB_DET | VBUS            | I       | VBUS USB detect input                             | VBUS (5 V typical) USB supply generated by the host must be connected to this input pin to enable the USB interface. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs.  Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.   |
| 18 | RESET_N  | ERS             | I       | External reset input                              | Internal pull-up. Active low. See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 19 | GPIO6    | GDI             | 0       | Clock output                                      | Configurable clock output as described in section 2.7.  Push-pull output type.  Not supported by LARA-L6001D / LARA-L6804D.  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 20 | GND      | -               | N/A     | Ground  | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 21 | GND      | -               | N/A     | Ground  | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 22 | GND      | -               | N/A     | Ground  | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 23 | GPIO2    | GDI             | I/O     | GPIO  | GPIO configurable as described in section 2.8. Push-pull output type. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 24 | GPIO3    | GDI             | I/O     | GPIO  | GPIO configurable as described in section 2.8. Push-pull output type. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 25 | GPIO4    | GDI             | I/O     | GPIO  | GPIO configurable as described in section 2.8. Push-pull output type. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 26 | SDA      | I2C             | I/O     | I2C bus data line                                 | Open drain output type. Active low. Internal 2.2 $k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to V_INT. See section 4.2.13 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 27 | SCL      | I2C             | 0       | I2C bus clock line                                | Open drain output type. Active low. Internal 2.2 $k\Omega$ pull-up resistor to V_INT. See section 4.2.13 for detailed electrical specs.   |

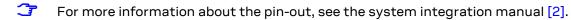


| No       | Name         | Power<br>domain | I/O        | Description                           | Remarks  |
|----------|--------------|-----------------|------------|---------------------------------------|--|
| 28       | USB_D-       | USB             | I/O        | USB Data Line D-                      | $90~\Omega$ nominal differential characteristic impedance. Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors as required by the USB 2.0 specifications [15] are part of the USB pin driver, and need not be provided externally. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| 29       | USB_D+       | USB             | I/O        | USB Data Line D+                      | $90~\Omega$ nominal differential characteristic impedance. Pull-up, pull-down and series resistors as required by the USB 2.0 specifications [15] are part of the USB pin driver, and need not be provided externally. See section 4.2.12 for detailed electrical specs. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes. |
| 30       | GND          | -               | N/A        | Ground                                | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 31       | RSVD         | -               | N/A        | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use. Internally not connected.   |
| 32       | GND          | -               | N/A        | Ground                                | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 33       | RSVD         | -               | N/A        | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved with special function. Provide test point for diagnostic purposes.  |
| 34       | I2S_WA       | GDI             | 0 /<br>I/O | I2S word alignment /<br>GPIO          | Settable as GPIO (see section 2.8).  Push-pull output type.  I2S not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D.  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 35       | I2S_TXD      | GDI             | 0 /<br>I/O | I2S transmit data /<br>GPIO           | Configurable as GPIO (see section 2.8). Push-pull output type. I2S not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 36       | I2S_CLK      | GDI             | 0 /<br>I/O | I2S clock /<br>GPIO                   | Configurable as GPIO (see section 2.8).  Push-pull output type.  I2S not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D.  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 37       | I2S_RXD      | GDI             | I /<br>I/O | I2S receive data /<br>GPIO            | Configurable as GPIO (see section 2.8). Push-pull output type. I2S not supported by LARA-L6004D / LARA-L6804D. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 38       | SIM_CLK      | SIM             | 0          | SIM clock                             | See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 39       | SIM_IO       | SIM             | I/O        | SIM data                              | Internal 4.7 k $\Omega$ pull-up resistor to VSIM. See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 40       | SIM_RST      | SIM             | 0          | SIM reset                             | See section 4.2.10 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 41       | VSIM         | -               | 0          | SIM supply output                     | VSIM = 1.80 V typical or 2.95 V typical generated by the module according to the external SIM card/chip type. See section 4.2.3 for detailed electrical specs.   |
| 42       | GPIO5        | GDI             | I/O        | GPIO                                  | Configurable for SIM card detection, or as GPIO (see 2.8). Push-pull output type. See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 43       | GND          | -               | N/A        | Ground                                | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground  |
| 44       | RSVD         | -               | N/A        | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use.   |
| 45       | RSVD         | -               | N/A        | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use.   |
| 46       | RSVD         | -               |            | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use.   |
| 47       | RSVD         | -               |            | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use.   |
| <i>'</i> |              |                 |            | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · |  |
| 48       | RSVD         | -               | N/A        | RESERVED pin                          | Pin reserved for future use.   |
|          | RSVD<br>RSVD | -               |            | RESERVED pin RESERVED pin             | Pin reserved for future use.  Pin reserved for future use.   |



| No    | Name    | Power<br>domain | I/O | Description         | Remarks   |
|-------|---------|-----------------|-----|---------------------|---|
| 51    | VCC     | -               | I   | Module supply input | Supply input for baseband Power Management Unit part. All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See sections 4.2.3 and 4.2.4 for detailed specs.   |
| 52    | VCC     | -               | I   | Module supply input | Supply for RF Power Amplifiers part. All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See sections 4.2.3 and 4.2.4 for detailed specs.  |
| 53    | VCC     | -               | I   | Module supply input | Supply for RF Power Amplifiers part. All VCC pins must be connected to external supply. See sections 4.2.3 and 4.2.4 for detailed specs.  |
| 54    | GND     | -               | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 55    | GND     | -               | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 56    | ANT1    | ANT             | I/O | Primary antenna     | $50~\Omega$ nominal characteristic impedance. Main Tx / Rx antenna interface. See section 4.2.5, 4.2.6, 4.2.7 for details.  |
| 57    | GND     | GND             | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 58    | GND     | GND             | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 59    | ANT_DET | ADC             | I   | Antenna detection   | ADC input for antenna presence detection function.  See section 4.2.8 for detailed electrical specs.  |
| 60    | GND     | GND             | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 61    | GND     | GND             | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 62    | ANT2    | ANT             | I   | Secondary antenna   | $50~\Omega$ nominal characteristic impedance. Rx only for Down-Link LTE MIMO 2x2 and 3G Rx diversity. See section 4.2.5, 4.2.6 for details.   |
| 63    | GND     | -               | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 64    | GND     | -               | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 65-96 | GND     | -               | N/A | Ground              | All the GND pins are intended to be connected to ground   |
| 97    | RFCTRL1 | GDI             | 0   | RF control output   | Not supported by LARA-L6004-00B / LARA-L6004D-00B product versions.  1.8 V push-pull output to dynamically control external RF antenna tuning IC, changing the high/low state in real time according to the cellular RF band in use by the module.  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs. |
|       | RSVD    |                 | N/A | RESERVED pin        | LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions only. Pin reserved for future use.  |
| 98    | RFCTRL2 | GDI             | 0   | RF control output   | Not supported by LARA-L6004-00B / LARA-L6004D-00B product versions.  1.8 V push-pull output to dynamically control external RF antenna tuning IC, changing the high/low state in real time according to the cellular RF band in use by the module.  See section 4.2.14 for detailed electrical specs. |
|       | RSVD    | -               | N/A | RESERVED pin        | LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions only. Pin reserved for future use.  |
| 99    | RSVD    | -               | N/A | RESERVED pin        | Pin reserved for future use.  |
| 100   | RSVD    | -               | N/A | RESERVED pin        | Pin reserved for future use.  |

Table 6: LARA-L6 series pin-out



See appendix A for an explanation of the abbreviations and terms used.



## 4 Electrical specifications

Stressing the device above one or more of the ratings listed in the Absolute Maximum Rating section may cause permanent damage. These are stress ratings only. Operating the module at these or at any conditions other than those specified in the Operating Conditions sections (section 4.2) of the specification should be avoided. Exposure to Absolute Maximum Rating conditions for extended periods may affect device reliability.

Electrical characteristics are defined according to the verification on a representative number of samples or according to the simulation.

Where application information is given, it is advisory only and does not form part of the specification.

## 4.1 Absolute maximum rating

👉 Limit values given below are in accordance with the Absolute Maximum Rating System (IEC 134).

| Symbol   | Description                | Condition   | Min. | Max. | Unit |
|----------|----------------------------|---|------|------|------|
| VCC      | Module supply voltage      | Input DC voltage at VCC pin                         | -0.5 | 6.0  | V    |
| VUSB_DET | USB detection pin          | Input DC voltage at VUSB_DET pin                    | -0.3 | 5.5  | V    |
| USB      | USB D+/D- pins             | Input DC voltage at USB_D+ and USB_D- pins          | -0.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| GDI      | Generic digital interfaces | Input DC voltage at Generic digital interfaces pins | -0.3 | 2.1  | V    |
| I2C      | I2C interface              | Input DC voltage at I2C interface pins              | -0.3 | 2.1  | V    |
| SIM      | SIM interface              | Input DC voltage at SIM interface pins              | -0.3 | 3.6  | V    |
| ERS      | External reset signal      | Input DC voltage at RESET_N pin                     | -0.3 | 2.1  | V    |
| POS      | Power-on input             | Input DC voltage at PWR_ON pin                      | -0.3 | 2.1  | V    |
| Rho_ANT  | Antenna ruggedness         | Output RF load mismatch ruggedness at ANT pins      |      | 10:1 | VSWR |
| Tstg     | Storage Temperature        |   | -40  | +85  | °C   |

Table 7: Absolute maximum ratings



The product is not protected against overvoltage or reversed voltages. If necessary, voltage spikes exceeding the power supply voltage specification, given in the table above, must be limited to values within the specified boundaries by using appropriate protection devices.

#### 4.1.1 Maximum ESD

| Parameter                    | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks                                       |
|------------------------------|------|------|------|---|
| ESD sensitivity for all pins |      | 1000 | V    | Human Body Model according to JS-001-2017     |
|                              |      | 500  | V    | Charged Device Model according to JS-002-2018 |

Table 8: Maximum ESD ratings



u-blox cellular modules are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices and require special precautions when handling. See section 7.4 for ESD handling instructions.



## 4.2 Operating conditions



Unless otherwise indicated, all operating condition specifications are at +25 °C temperature.



Operation beyond the operating conditions is not recommended and extended exposure beyond them may affect device reliability.

#### 4.2.1 Operating temperature range

| Parameter                      | Min. | Min. Typical Ma |     |    | Remarks   |  |  |
|--------------------------------|------|-----------------|-----|----|---|--|--|
| Normal operating temperature   | -20  | +25             | +65 | °C | Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications   |  |  |
| Extended operating temperature | -40  |                 | +85 | °C | Operating with possible slight deviation in RF performance outside normal operating range |  |  |

Table 9: Environmental conditions

#### 4.2.2 Thermal parameters

| Symbol           | Parameter                              | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks  |
|------------------|--|------|------|------|------|--|
| Ψ <sub>M-A</sub> | Module-to-Ambient<br>thermal parameter |      | 10   |      | °C/W | Thermal characterization parameter $\Psi_{M-A} = (T_M - T_A) / P_H$ proportional to the delta between internal module temperature $(T_M)$ and ambient temperature $(T_A)$ , due to heat power dissipation $(P_H)$ , with the module mounted on a 79 x 62 x 1.41 mm 4-Layer PCB with a high coverage of copper, in still air conditions   |
| Ψ <sub>M-C</sub> | Module-to-Case<br>thermal parameter    |      | 3    |      | °C/W | Thermal characterization parameter $\Psi_{\text{M-C}} = (T_{\text{M}} - T_{\text{C}}) / P_{\text{H}}$ proportional to the delta between internal module temperature $(T_{\text{M}})$ and ambient temperature $(T_{\text{C}})$ , due to heat power dissipation $(P_{\text{H}})$ , with the module mounted on a 79 x 62 x 1.41 mm 4-Layer PCB with a high coverage of copper, with a robust aluminum heat-sink and with forced air ventilation, i.e. reducing to a value close to 0 °C/W the thermal resistance from the case of the module to the ambient |

Table 10: Thermal characterization parameters of the module

#### 4.2.3 Supply/power pins

| Symbol | Parameter   | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--------|---|------|---------|------|------|
| VCC    | Normal operating input voltage for VCC pins 51, 52, 53 $^{\rm 8}$ | 3.3  | 3.8     | 4.5  | V    |
|        | Extended operating input voltage for VCC pin 51 <sup>9</sup>      | 3.1  | 3.8     | 4.5  | V    |
|        | Extended operating input voltage for VCC pins 52, 53 10           | 2.8  | 3.8     | 4.5  | V    |

#### Table 11: Input characteristics of the module Supply/Power pins

| Symbol | Parameter   | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit |
|--------|---|------|---------|------|------|
| VSIM   | SIM supply output voltage, with external 1.8 V SIM          |      | 1.80    |      | V    |
|        | SIM supply output voltage, with external 3.0 V SIM          |      | 2.95    |      | V    |
| V_INT  | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output voltage            |      | 1.80    |      | V    |
|        | Generic Digital Interfaces supply output current capability |      |         | 70   | mA   |

Table 12: Output characteristics of the Supply/Power pins

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>8</sup> Operating within 3GPP / ETSI specifications.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>9</sup> The voltage has to be above the extended operating range minimum limit for the **VCC** pin 51 (supply input for the baseband Power Management Unit and the Transceiver) to switch-on the module and to avoid possible switch-off of the module.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>10</sup> Operating with possible slight deviation in RF performance outside normal operating range. The power amplifier may not be fully functional when the voltage drops below the extended operating range minimum limit defined for the **VCC** pins 52 and 53 (supply input for the internal power amplifier).



### 4.2.4 Current consumption

| Mode   |   |         |  | Typ <sup>11</sup> | Max <sup>12</sup> | Unit |
|--|---|---------|--|-------------------|-------------------|------|
| Power-off mode   | Averaged current value<br>Module switched off                         |         |  | 9                 |                   | μΑ   |
| Cyclic Idle/Active-Mode<br>(Low power mode enabled by +UPSV, | Averaged current value,<br>Idle mode floor current, USB not connected |         |  | 0.9               |                   | mA   |
| Module registered with network)                              | Averaged current value,<br>Idle mode floor current, USB suspended     |         |  | 1.2               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic eDRX = 655.36 s, USB not connected  |         |  | 1.1               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic eDRX = 655.36 s, USB suspended      |         |  | 1.4               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic eDRX = 20.48 s, USB not connected   |         |  | 1.6               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic eDRX = 20.48 s, USB suspended       |         |  | 1.9               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic DRX = 2.56 s, USB not connected     |         |  | 1.9               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged current value, Cyclic DRX = 2.56 s, USB suspended            |         |  | 2.2               |                   | mA   |
| Active-Mode<br>(Low power mode disabled by +UPSV,            | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic DRX = 2.56 s, USB not connected     |         |  | 10.6              |                   | mA   |
| Module registered with network)                              | Averaged current value,<br>Cyclic DRX = 2.56 s, USB in use            |         |  | 27.0              |                   | mA   |
| 2G Connected Mode<br>(Tx/Rx call enabled)                    | Peak value at 1-slot GMSK Tx burst,<br>900 MHz band                   | Maximum |  | 1.5               | 1.9               | Α    |
|  | Averaged value along 1-slot GMSK call,                                | Minimum |  | 50                |                   | mA   |
|  | 900 MHz band  | Maximum |  | 200               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged value along 1-slot GMSK call,                                | Minimum |  | 50                |                   | mA   |
|  | 1800 MHz band   | Maximum |  | 150               |                   | mA   |
| 3G Connected Mode  | Averaged value along 3G call  | Minimum |  | 200               |                   | mA   |
| (Tx / Rx call enabled)                                       |   | 0 dBm   |  | 220               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | 12 dBm  |  | 300               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | 18 dBm  |  | 440               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | Maximum |  | 620               |                   | mA   |
| LTE Connected Mode   | Averaged value along LTE-FDD call,                                    | Minimum |  | 250               |                   | mA   |
| (Tx / Rx call enabled)                                       | Low data rate   | 0 dBm   |  | 270               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | 12 dBm  |  | 320               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | 18 dBm  |  | 450               |                   | mA   |
|  |   | Maximum |  | 650               |                   | mA   |
|  | Averaged value along LTE-FDD call,<br>High data rate                  | Maximum |  | 690               |                   | mA   |

Table 13: LARA-L6 series modules VCC current consumption

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>11</sup> Typical values with a matched antenna

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>12</sup> Maximum values with a mismatched antenna



#### 4.2.5 LTE RF characteristics

The LTE bands supported by each LARA-L6 module are defined in Table 2, while Table 14 describes the transmitting and receiving frequencies for each LTE band according to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [11].

| Parameter                                |          | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks          |
|--|----------|------|------|------|------------------|
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 699  | 716  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 12 (700 MHz)                    | Downlink | 729  | 746  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 777  | 787  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 13 (700 MHz)                    | Downlink | 746  | 756  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range<br>FDD band 28 (700 MHz) | Uplink   | 703  | 748  | MHz  | Module transmits |
|  | Downlink | 758  | 803  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 832  | 862  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 20 (800 MHz)                    | Downlink | 791  | 821  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 814  | 849  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 26 (850 MHz)                    | Downlink | 859  | 894  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 815  | 830  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 18 (850 MHz)                    | Downlink | 860  | 875  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 830  | 845  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 19 (850 MHz)                    | Downlink | 875  | 890  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 824  | 849  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 5 (850 MHz)                     | Downlink | 869  | 894  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 880  | 915  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 8 (900 MHz)                     | Downlink | 925  | 960  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 1710 | 1755 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 4 (1700 MHz)                    | Downlink | 2110 | 2155 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 1710 | 1785 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 3 (1800 MHz)                    | Downlink | 1805 | 1880 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 1850 | 1910 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 2 (1900 MHz)                    | Downlink | 1930 | 1990 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 1880 | 1920 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| TDD band 39 (1900 MHz)                   | Downlink | 1880 | 1920 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 1920 | 1980 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 1 (2100 MHz)                    | Downlink | 2110 | 2170 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 2300 | 2400 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| TDD band 40 (2300 MHz)                   | Downlink | 2300 | 2400 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 2570 | 2620 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| TDD band 38 (2600 MHz)                   | Downlink | 2570 | 2620 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 2496 | 2690 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| TDD band 41 (2600 MHz)                   | Downlink | 2496 | 2690 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                          | Uplink   | 2500 | 2570 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| FDD band 7 (2600 MHz)                    | Downlink | 2620 | 2690 | MHz  | Module receives  |
|  |          |      |      |      |                  |

Table 14: LTE operating RF frequency bands

LARA-L6 series modules include a UE Power Class 3 LTE transmitter (see Table 2), with output power and characteristics according to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [11].

LARA-L6 series modules LTE receiver characteristics are compliant to 3GPP TS 36.521-1 [11], with LTE conducted receiver sensitivity performance described in Table 15.



| Parameter                  | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks                     |
|----------------------------|------|---------|------|------|-----------------------------|
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 12 (700 MHz)          |      | -104    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -101    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 10 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 13 (700 MHz)          |      | -102    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 10 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -107    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 3 MHz   |
| Band 28 (700 MHz)          |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -99     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 20 (800 MHz)          |      | -99     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 26 (850 MHz)          |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -100    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 15 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 18 (850 MHz)          |      | -101    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 15 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 19 (850 MHz)          |      | -100    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 15 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 5 (850 MHz)           |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -102    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 10 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 8 (900 MHz)           |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -102    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 10 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 4 (1700 MHz)          |      | -104    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -99.    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -107    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 3 (1800 MHz)          |      | -102    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -97     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 1.4 MHz |
| Band 2 (1900 MHz)          |      | -104    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
|                            |      | -99     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -104    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 1 (2100 MHz)          |      | -99     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -102    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 7 (2600 MHz)          |      | -97     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -105    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 39 (1900 MHz)         |      | -100    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -104    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 40 (2300 MHz)         |      | -99     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -103    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 38 (2600 MHz)         |      | -98     |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 20 MHz  |
| Receiver input sensitivity |      | -103    |      | dBm  | Channel bandwidth = 5 MHz   |
| Band 41 (2600 MHz)         |      |         |      |      |                             |

 $Condition: 50~\Omega, throughput > 95\%, dual\ receiver, QPSK\ modulation, other\ settings\ as\ per\ clause\ 7.3\ of\ 3GPP\ TS\ 36.521-1\ [11]$ 

Table 15: LTE receiver sensitivity performance



#### 4.2.6 3G RF characteristics

The 3G bands supported by LARA-L6 series modules are defined in Table 2, while Table 16 describes the transmitting and receiving frequencies for each 3G band according to 3GPP TS 34.121-1 [12].

| Parameter                            |          | Min. | Max. | Unit | Remarks          |
|--------------------------------------|----------|------|------|------|------------------|
| Frequency range                      | Uplink   | 824  | 849  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| Band 5 (850 MHz)                     | Downlink | 869  | 894  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                      | Uplink   | 880  | 915  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| Band 8 (900 MHz)                     | Downlink | 925  | 960  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range                      | Uplink   | 1850 | 1910 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| Band 2 (1900 MHz)                    | Downlink | 1930 | 1990 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range<br>Band 1 (2100 MHz) | Uplink   | 1920 | 1980 | MHz  | Module transmits |
|                                      | Downlink | 2110 | 2170 | MHz  | Module receives  |

Table 16: 3G operating RF frequency bands

LARA-L6 series modules include a UE Power Class 3 3G transmitter (see Table 2), with output power and characteristics according to 3GPP TS 34.121-1 [12].

LARA-L6 series modules 3G receiver characteristics are compliant to 3GPP TS 34.121-1 [12], with 3G conducted receiver sensitivity performance described in Table 17.

| Parameter                                       | Min. | Typical      | Max. | Unit | Remarks                                |
|---|------|--------------|------|------|--|
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>Band 5 (850 MHz)  |      | -115         |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level for RMC @ BER < 0.1% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>Band 8 (900 MHz)  |      | <b>-</b> 115 |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level for RMC @ BER < 0.1% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>Band 2 (2100 MHz) |      | -114         |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level for RMC @ BER < 0.1% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>Band 1 (2100 MHz) |      | -114         |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level for RMC @ BER < 0.1% |

Condition: 50  $\Omega$ , dual receiver, other settings as per clause 6.2 of 3GPP TS 34.121-1 [12]

Table 17: 3G receiver sensitivity performance

#### 4.2.7 2G RF characteristics

The 2G bands supported by LARA-L6 series modules are defined in Table 2, while Table 18 describes the transmitting and receiving frequencies for each 2G band according to 3GPP TS 51.010-1 [13].

| Parameter       |          | Min  | Max  | Unit | Remarks          |
|-----------------|----------|------|------|------|------------------|
| Frequency range | Uplink   | 824  | 849  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| GSM 850         | Downlink | 869  | 894  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range | Uplink   | 880  | 915  | MHz  | Module transmits |
| E-GSM 900       | Downlink | 925  | 960  | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range | Uplink   | 1710 | 1785 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| DCS 1800        | Downlink | 1805 | 1880 | MHz  | Module receives  |
| Frequency range | Uplink   | 1850 | 1910 | MHz  | Module transmits |
| PCS 1900        | Downlink | 1930 | 1990 | MHz  | Module receives  |

Table 18: 2G operating RF frequency bands

LARA-L6 series modules include a GMSK Power Class 4 transmitter for 850 / 900 MHz bands, GMSK Power Class 1 transmitter for 1800 / 1900 MHz bands, 8-PSK Power Class E2 transmitter for all 2G bands (see Table 2), with output power and characteristics according to 3GPP TS 51.010-1 [13].



LARA-L6 series modules 2G receiver characteristics are compliant to 3GPP TS 51.010-1 [13], with conducted receiver sensitivity performance described in Table 19.

| Parameter                                | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks                                 |
|--|------|---------|------|------|---|
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>E-GSM 850  |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level @ BER Class II < 2.4% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>E-GSM 900  |      | -110    |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level @ BER Class II < 2.4% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>E-GSM 1800 |      | -109    |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level @ BER Class II < 2.4% |
| Receiver input sensitivity<br>DCS 1900   |      | -109    |      | dBm  | Downlink RF level @ BER Class II < 2.4% |

Condition: 50  $\Omega$ , other settings as per clause 14.2.1 of 3GPP TS 51.010-1 [13]

Table 19: 2G receiver sensitivity performance

### 4.2.8 ANT\_DET pin

| Parameter                           | Min. | Тур. | Max. | Unit | Remarks                            |
|-------------------------------------|------|------|------|------|------------------------------------|
| Output DC current pulse value       |      | 35   |      | μΑ   | Generated by the +UANTR AT command |
| Output DC current pulse time length |      | 1160 |      | μS   | Generated by the +UANTR AT command |

Table 20: ANT\_DET pin characteristics

### 4.2.9 PWR\_ON pin

| Parameter                                  | Min.  | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks  |
|--|-------|---------|------|------|--|
| Internal supply for<br>PWR_ON Input Signal |       | 1.8     |      | V    | The PWR_ON input is pulled up to an internal voltage rail minus a diode drop: the voltage value present at PWR_ON input pin is normally 0.8 V typical. |
| Low-level input                            | -0.30 |         | 0.35 | V    |  |
| Pull-up resistance                         | 150   | 200     | 250  | kΩ   | Internal active pull-up  |
| Input leakage current                      | -0.20 |         | 0.20 | μА   |  |
| PWR_ON low time                            | 0.15  |         | 3.20 | s    | Low time to trigger module switch on from power off mode   |
|  | 1.50  |         |      | s    | Low time to trigger module graceful switch off   |

Table 21: PWR\_ON pin characteristics

### 4.2.10 RESET\_N pin

| Parameter                                | Min.  | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks  |
|--|-------|---------|------|------|--|
| Internal supply for RESET_N Input Signal |       | 1.8     |      | V    |  |
| Low-level input                          | -0.30 |         | 0.63 | V    |  |
| Pull-up resistance                       |       | 37      |      | kΩ   | Internal active pull-up                                |
| Input leakage current                    | -0.20 |         | 0.20 | μΑ   |  |
| RESET_N low time                         | 0.05  |         | 6    | S    | Low time to trigger module reset (reboot)              |
|  | 10    |         |      | s    | Low time to trigger module abrupt emergency switch off |

Table 22: RESET\_N pin characteristics



#### 4.2.11 SIM pins

The SIM pins are a dedicated interface to the external SIM card/chip. The electrical characteristics fulfill the regulatory specification requirements. The values in Table 23 are for information only.

| Parameter                           | Min.     | Тур. | Max.     | Unit | Remarks                                       |
|-------------------------------------|----------|------|----------|------|---|
| Low-level input                     | -0.30    |      | 0.2*VSIM | V    |   |
| High-level input                    | 0.7*VSIM |      | VSIM+0.3 | V    |   |
| Low-level output                    |          | 0    | 0.4      | V    | Max value at I <sub>OL</sub> = +2.0 mA        |
| High-level output                   | 0.8*VSIM | VSIM |          | V    | Max value at I <sub>OL</sub> = +2.0 mA        |
| Internal pull-up resistor on SIM_IO |          | 4.7  |          | kΩ   | Internal pull-up to VSIM supply               |
| Input leakage current               | -2       |      | 2        | μΑ   | V <sub>IN</sub> =0 V or V <sub>IN</sub> =VSIM |
| Clock frequency on SIM_CLK          |          | 4.8  |          | MHz  |   |
|                                     |          |      |          |      |   |

Table 23: SIM pins characteristics

#### 4.2.12 USB pins

USB data lines (**USB\_D+** / **USB\_D-**) are compliant with the USB 2.0 high-speed specification. See the Universal Serial Bus specification revision 2.0 [15] for detailed electrical characteristics. The values in Table 24 related to USB 2.0 high-speed physical layer specifications are for information only.

| Parameter   | Min. | Typical | Max. | Unit | Remarks                        |
|---|------|---------|------|------|--------------------------------|
| VUSB_DET pin, High-level input  | 1.50 | 5.00    | 5.25 | V    | AT+UUSBDET=0 (default setting) |
|   | 4.40 | 5.00    | 5.25 | V    | AT+UUSBDET=1                   |
| High-speed squelch detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude)    | 100  |         | 150  | mV   |                                |
| High speed disconnect detection threshold (input differential signal amplitude) | 525  |         | 625  | mV   |                                |
| High-speed data signaling input common mode voltage range                       | -50  |         | 500  | mV   |                                |
| High-speed idle output level  | -10  |         | 10   | mV   |                                |
| High-speed data signaling output high level                                     | 360  |         | 440  | mV   |                                |
| High-speed data signaling output low level                                      | -10  |         | 10   | mV   |                                |
| Chirp J level (output differential voltage)                                     | 700  |         | 1100 | mV   |                                |
| Chirp K level (output differential voltage)                                     | -900 |         | -500 | mV   |                                |

Table 24: USB pins characteristics

#### 4.2.13 I2C pins

I2C lines (**SCL** and **SDA**) are compliant with the I2C-bus standard mode specification. See the I2C-bus specification [16] for detailed electrical characteristics. The values in Table 25 related to I2C-bus standard mode specifications are for information only.

| Parameter                      | Min   | Typical | Max  | Unit | Remarks                                       |
|--------------------------------|-------|---------|------|------|---|
| Internal supply for GDI domain |       | 1.80    |      | V    | Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT)         |
| Low-level input                | -0.30 | 0.00    | 0.63 | V    |   |
| High-level input               | 1.17  | 1.80    | 2.10 | V    |   |
| Low-level output               |       | 0.00    | 0.45 | V    | Max value at I <sub>OL</sub> = +2.0 mA        |
| Internal pull-up resistance    |       | 2.2     |      | kΩ   |   |
| Input/output leakage current   | -1    |         | 1    | μА   | V <sub>IN</sub> =0 V or V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8V |
| Clock frequency on SCL         |       | 100     |      | kHz  |   |
| • •                            |       |         |      |      |   |

Table 25: I2C pins characteristics



### 4.2.14 Generic Digital Interfaces pins

| Parameter                          | Min   | Typical | Max  | Unit | Remarks                                       |
|------------------------------------|-------|---------|------|------|---|
| Internal supply for GDI domain     |       | 1.80    |      | V    | Digital I/O Interfaces supply (V_INT)         |
| Low-level input                    | -0.30 | 0.00    | 0.63 | V    |   |
| High-level input                   | 1.17  | 1.80    | 2.10 | V    |   |
| Low-level output                   |       | 0.00    | 0.45 | V    | Max value at IOL = +2.0 mA                    |
| High-level output                  | 1.35  | 1.80    |      | V    | Min value at IOH = -2.0 mA                    |
| Input leakage current              | -1    |         | 1    | μΑ   | V <sub>IN</sub> =0 V or V <sub>IN</sub> =1.8V |
| Internal pull-up /-down resistance | 55    |         | 390  | kΩ   |   |

Table 26: GDI pins characteristics

#### 4.2.14.1 AC characteristics of clock output pin (GPIO6)

| Parameter | Description                  | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks    |
|-----------|------------------------------|-----|---------|-----|------|------------|
| 1/T1      | GPIO6 clock output frequency |     | 12.288  |     | MHz  | AT+UMCLK=2 |

Table 27: AC characteristics of GPIO6 clock output pin

#### 4.2.14.2 AC characteristics of I2S pins

Figure 3 and Table 28 show the AC characteristics in Normal I2S mode (long synchronization signal).

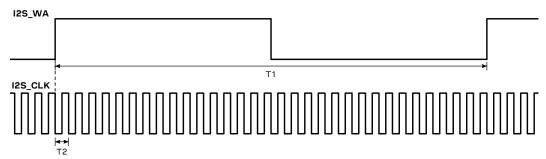


Figure 3: AC characteristics of I2S pins in Normal I2S mode, host role

| Parameter | Description                             | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks                                 |
|-----------|---|-----|---------|-----|------|---|
| 1/T1      | I2S_WA synchronization signal frequency | •   | 16      |     | kHz  | <i2s_sample_rate> = 3</i2s_sample_rate> |
| 1/T2      | I2S_CLK bit clock frequency             |     | 32      |     | 1/T1 | <i2s_mode> = 14</i2s_mode>              |

Table 28: AC characteristics of I2S pins in Normal I2S mode, host role

Figure 4 and Table 29 show the AC characteristics in PCM I2S mode (short synchronization signal).

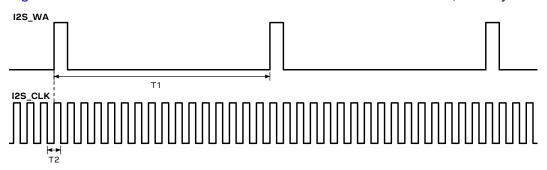


Figure 4: AC characteristics of I2S pins in PCM mode, host role

| Parameter | Description                             | Min | Typical | Max | Unit | Remarks                                 |
|-----------|---|-----|---------|-----|------|---|
| 1/T1      | I2S_WA synchronization signal frequency |     | 16      |     | kHz  | <i2s_sample_rate> = 3</i2s_sample_rate> |
| 1/T2      | I2S_CLK bit clock frequency             |     | 16      |     | 1/T1 | <i2s_mode> = 30</i2s_mode>              |

Table 29: AC characteristics of I2S pins in PCM mode, host role



#### 4.2.15 Smart temperature supervisor

Figure 5: Temperature range and limits

| Symbol          | Parameter                 | Temperature |
|-----------------|---------------------------|-------------|
| t <sub>-2</sub> | Low temperature shutdown  | -40 °C      |
| t <sub>-1</sub> | Low temperature warning   | −30 °C      |
| t <sub>+1</sub> | High temperature warning  | +77 ℃       |
| t <sub>+2</sub> | High temperature shutdown | +97 °C      |

Table 30: Thresholds definition for the "Smart temperature supervisor" feature on the LARA-L6 series modules

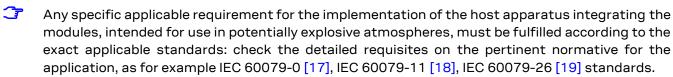
Ŧ

The sensor measures the inside-shield temperature, which can differ from ambient temperature.

## 4.3 Parameters for ATEX applications

This section provides useful parameters and information to integrate LARA-L6 series modules in applications intended for use in areas with potentially explosive atmospheres (ATEX), describing:

- Total internal capacitance and inductance of LARA-L6 series modules (see Table 31)
- Maximum RF output power at the antenna pin of LARA-L6 series modules (see Table 32)



The certification of the application device that integrates a LARA-L6 series module and the compliance of the application device with all the applicable certification schemes, directives and standards required for use in potentially explosive atmospheres are under the sole responsibility of the application device manufacturer.

Table 31 describes the maximum total internal capacitance and the maximum total internal inductance, considering internal parts tolerance, provided by LARA-L6 series modules.

| Module                  | Parameter | Description                        | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|-------|------|
| LARA-L6004, LARA-L6004D | Ci        | Maximum total internal capacitance | 496   | μF   |
|                         | Li        | Maximum total internal inductance  | 9.8   | μН   |
| LARA-L6804D             | Ci        | Maximum total internal capacitance | 496   | μF   |
|                         | Li        | Maximum total internal inductance  | 9.7   | μН   |

Table 31: LARA-L6 series maximum total internal capacitance and maximum total internal inductance

Table 32 describes the maximum RF output power transmitted by LARA-L6 series modules from the primary antenna (ANT1) pin as Power Class 4 Mobile Stations for GSM 850 / E-GSM 900 bands and/or as Power Class 3 User Equipment for the LTE / UMTS bands.

| Module                  | Parameter | Description                           | Value | Unit |
|-------------------------|-----------|---------------------------------------|-------|------|
| LARA-L6004, LARA-L6004D | ANT1 Pout | Maximum RF output power from ANT1 pin | 33.5  | dBm  |
| LARA-L6804D             | ANT1 Pout | Maximum RF output power from ANT1 pin | 33.5  | dBm  |

Table 32: LARA-L6 series antenna pin (ANT1) maximum RF output power



## 5 Mechanical specifications

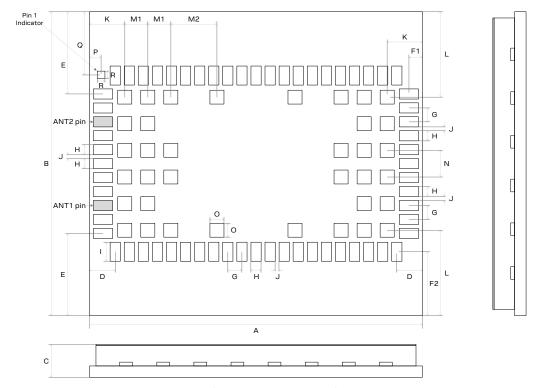
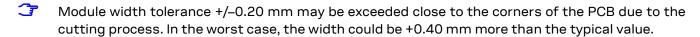


Figure 6: LARA-L6 series dimensions (bottom and side views)

| Parameter | Description                                   | Typical |              | Tolerance   |                  |
|-----------|---|---------|--------------|-------------|------------------|
| Α         | Module height [mm]                            | 26.0    | (1023.6 mil) | +0.20/–0.20 | (+7.9/–7.9 mil)  |
| В         | Module width [mm]                             | 24.0    | (944.9 mil)  | +0.20/–0.20 | (+7.9/–7.9 mil)  |
| С         | Module thickness [mm]                         | 2.6     | (102.4 mil)  | +0.27/–0.17 | (+10.6/–6.7 mil) |
| D         | Horizontal edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]     | 2.0     | (78.7 mil)   | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| E         | Vertical edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]       | 6.5     | (255.9 mil)  | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| F1        | Edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]                | 1.05    | (41.3 mil)   | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| F2        | Edge to lateral pin pitch [mm]                | 5.05    | (198.8 mil)  | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| G         | Lateral pin to pin pitch [mm]                 | 1.1     | (43.3 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| Н         | Lateral pin height [mm]                       | 0.8     | (31.5 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| I         | Lateral pin width [mm]                        | 1.5     | (59.1 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| J         | Lateral pin to pin distance [mm]              | 0.3     | (11.8 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| K         | Horizontal edge to central pin pitch [mm]     | 2.75    | (108.3 mil)  | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| L         | Vertical edge to central pin pitch [mm]       | 6.75    | (265.7 mil)  | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| M1        | Central pin to pin horizontal pitch [mm]      | 1.8     | (70.9 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| M2        | Central pin to pin horizontal pitch [mm]      | 3.6     | (141.7 mil)  | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| N         | Central pin to pin vertical pitch [mm]        | 2.1     | (82.7 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| 0         | Central pin height and width [mm]             | 1.1     | (43.3 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| Р         | Horizontal edge to pin 1 indicator pitch [mm] | 0.9     | (35.4 mil)   | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| Q         | Vertical edge to pin 1 indicator pitch [mm]   | 5.0     | (196.8 mil)  | +0.20/-0.20 | (+7.9/-7.9 mil)  |
| R         | Pin 1 indicator height and width [mm]         | 0.6     | (23.6 mil)   | +0.05/-0.05 | (+2.0/-2.0 mil)  |
| Weight    | Module weight [g]                             | 4       |              |             |                  |

Table 33: LARA-L6 series dimensions



For information regarding footprint and paste mask recommended for the application board integrating the cellular module, see the system integration manual [2].



## 6 Qualification and approvals

## 6.1 Reliability tests

Reliability tests for LARA-L6 series modules are executed according to u-blox qualification policy, based on AEC-Q104 standard.

## 6.2 Approvals

LARA-L6 series modules comply with the Directive 2011/65/EU of the European Parliament and the Council on the Restriction of Use of certain Hazardous Substances in Electrical and Electronic Equipment (EU RoHS 2) and its amendment Directive (EU) 2015/863 (EU RoHS 3).

LARA-L6 series modules are RoHS 3 compliant.

No natural rubbers, hygroscopic materials, or materials containing asbestos are employed.

Table 34 summarizes the main approvals achieved or planned for LARA-L6 series modules.

| Certification scheme      | LARA-L6004      | LARA-L6004D     | LARA-L6804D |
|---------------------------|-----------------|-----------------|-------------|
| CE (Europe)               | •               | •               | •           |
| UKCA (Great Britain)      | •               | •               | •           |
| FCC (United States)       | •               | •               |             |
| FCC ID                    | XPYUBX21BE01    | XPYUBX21BE01    |             |
| ISED (Canada)             | •               | •               |             |
| ISED certification number | 8595A-UBX21BE01 | 8595A-UBX21BE01 |             |
| ISED HVIN                 | LARA-L6004      | LARA-L6004D     |             |
| NCC (Taiwan)              | •               | •               | •           |
| ACMA RCM (Australia)      | •               | •               | •           |
| GITEKI (Japan)            | •               | •               | •           |
| ANATEL (Brazil)           |                 | •               |             |
| GCF conformance           |                 | •               |             |
| PTCRB conformance         |                 |                 |             |
| AT&T                      |                 | •               |             |
| Verizon                   |                 |                 |             |
| Deutsche Telekom          |                 | •               |             |
| Telefonica                |                 | •               |             |
| Telstra                   |                 | •               |             |
| NTT DoCoMo                |                 |                 | •           |
| SoftBank Mobile           |                 |                 | •           |
| KDDI                      |                 |                 | •           |

Table 34: LARA-L6 series main certification approvals summary



The above listed certifications might not be available for all the different product type numbers. Please contact the u-blox office or sales representative nearest you for the complete list of certification approvals available for the selected product ordering number.



## 7 Product handling & soldering

## 7.1 Packaging

LARA-L6 series modules are delivered as hermetically sealed reeled tapes, to enable efficient production, production lot set-up and tear-down.

For more information about packaging, see the u-blox package information user guide [6].

#### 7.1.1 Reels

LARA-L6 series modules are deliverable in quantities of 150 pieces on a reel. The modules are delivered using the reel type B2 described in the u-blox package information user guide [6].

Quantities of less than 150 pieces are also available. Contact u-blox for more information.

#### **7.1.2 Tapes**

Figure 7 shows the position and the orientation of LARA-L6 series modules as they are delivered on the tape, while Figure 8 and Table 35 below specify the tape dimensions.

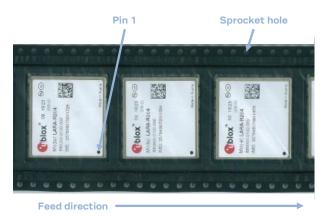


Figure 7: Orientation for LARA modules on tape

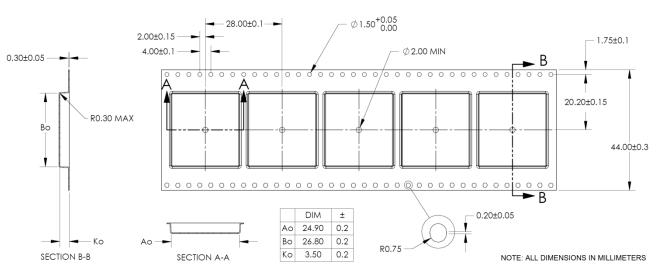


Figure 8: LARA-L6 series modules tape dimensions



| Parameter             | Typical value | Tolerance | Unit |  |
|-----------------------|---------------|-----------|------|--|
| <b>A</b> <sub>0</sub> | 24.9          | 0.2       | mm   |  |
| B <sub>0</sub>        | 26.8          | 0.2       | mm   |  |
| K <sub>0</sub>        | 3.5           | 0.2       | mm   |  |

Table 35: LARA-L6 series modules tape dimensions



10 sprocket hole pitch cumulative tolerance ± 0.2 mm.



Pocket position relative to sprocket hole measured as true position of pocket, not pocket hole.



 $A_0$  and  $B_0$  are measured on a plane at a distance "R" above the bottom of the pocket.

### 7.2 Moisture sensitivity levels



LARA-L6 series modules are Moisture Sensitive Devices (MSD) in accordance to the IPC/JEDEC specification.

The Moisture Sensitivity Level (MSL) relates to the packaging and handling precautions required. LARA-L6 series modules are rated at MSL level 4. For more information regarding moisture sensitivity levels, labeling, storage and drying see the u-blox package information user guide [6].



For the MSL standard, see IPC/JEDEC J-STD-020 (can be downloaded from www.jedec.org).

### 7.3 Reflow soldering

Reflow profiles are to be selected according to u-blox recommendations (see the system integration manual [2]).



Failure to observe these recommendations can result in severe damage to the device!

## 7.4 ESD precautions



LARA-L6 series modules contain highly sensitive electronic circuitry and are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESD). Handling LARA-L6 series modules without proper ESD protection may destroy or damage them permanently.

LARA-L6 series modules are Electrostatic Sensitive Devices (ESD) and require special ESD precautions typically applied to ESD sensitive components.

Table 8 details the maximum ESD ratings of the LARA-L6 series modules.

Proper ESD handling and packaging procedures must be applied throughout the processing, handling and operation of any application that incorporates the LARA-L6 series module.

ESD precautions should be implemented on the application board where the module is mounted, as described in the system integration manual [2].



Failure to observe these recommendations can result in severe damage to the device!



## 8 Labeling and ordering information

## 8.1 Product labeling

The label of LARA-L6 series modules include important product information as described in Figure 9, as the label includes: u-blox logo, production lot, Pb-free marking, product type number, IMEI number, applicable regulatory certifications' info, and production country.

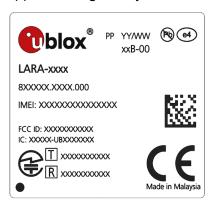


Figure 9: Illustrative example of LARA-L6 series modules' label

## 8.2 Explanation of codes

Three different product code formats are used. The Product Name is used in documentation such as this data sheet and identifies all the u-blox products, independent of packaging and quality grade. The Ordering Code includes options and quality, while the Type Number includes the hardware and firmware versions. Table 36 details these 3 different formats:

| Format        | Structure                  |
|---------------|----------------------------|
| Product name  | PPPP-TGVV(L)(HH)(F)        |
| Ordering code | PPPP-TGVV(L)(HH)(F)-MMQ    |
| Type number   | PPPP-TGVV(L)(HH)(F)-MMQ-XX |

Table 36: Product code formats

Table 37 explains the parts of the product code.

| Code | Meaning   | Example |
|------|---|---------|
| PPPP | Form factor   | LARA    |
| TG   | Platform (technology and generation)  • Dominant technology: G: GSM; U: HSUPA; C: CDMA 1xRTT; N: NB-IoT (LTE Cat NB1/NB2); R: LTE low data rate (Cat 1 and Cat M1); L: LTE high data rate (Cat 3 and above)  • Generation: 19 | L6      |
| VV   | Variant function set based on the same platform: 0099   | 00      |
| (L)  | LTE category (optionally indicated): 6,4,3,1,M  | 4       |
| (HH) | GNSS generation (indicated if supported): M8 = u-blox M8, M9 = u-blox M9,   | M8      |
| (F)  | Special features (optionally indicated): D = data only,   | D       |
| MM   | Major product version: 0099   | 00      |
| Q    | Product grade: B = professional, A = automotive   | В       |
| XX   | Minor product version: 0099   | 00      |

Table 37: Part identification code



## 8.3 Ordering information

| Ordering number | Product  |
|-----------------|--|
| LARA-L6004-00B  | Global LTE FDD / TDD Cat 4 module with 3G and 2G fallback. Voice and Data product version. 26.0 x 24.0 x 2.6 mm, 150 pcs/reel                      |
| LARA-L6004-01B  | Global LTE FDD / TDD Cat 4 module with 3G and 2G fallback. Voice and Data product version. Maintenance release. 26.0 x 24.0 x 2.6 mm, 150 pcs/reel |
| LARA-L6004D-00B | Global LTE FDD / TDD Cat 4 module with 3G and 2G fallback. Data-only product version. $26.0 \times 24.0 \times 2.6$ mm, 150 pcs/reel               |
| LARA-L6004D-01B | Global LTE FDD / TDD Cat 4 module with 3G and 2G fallback. Data-only product version.  Maintenance release.  26.0 x 24.0 x 2.6 mm, 150 pcs/reel    |
| LARA-L6804D-01B | LTE FDD Cat 4 module with 3G and 2G fallback for multi-regional use. Data-only product version. 26.0 x 24.0 x 2.6 mm, 150 pcs/reel                 |

Table 38: Product ordering codes



# **Appendix**

# A Glossary

| Abbreviation | Definition   |
|--------------|--|
| 2G           | 2nd Generation Cellular Technology (GSM, GPRS, EGPRS)                              |
| 3G           | 3rd Generation Cellular Technology (UMTS, HSDPA, HSUPA)                            |
| 3GPP         | 3rd Generation Partnership Project   |
| 8-PSK        | 8 Phase-Shift Keying modulation  |
| ACMA         | Australian Communications and Media Authority                                      |
| ADC          | Analog to Digital Converter  |
| ANATEL       | Agência Nacional de Telecomunicações - National Telecommunications Agency (Brazil) |
| AT           | AT Command Interpreter Software Subsystem, or attention                            |
| Cat          | Category   |
| CE           | European Conformity  |
| CSFB         | Circuit Switched Fall-Back   |
| DDC          | Display Data Channel (I2C compatible) Interface                                    |
| DL           | Down-link (Reception)  |
| DNS          | Domain Name System   |
| DTLS         | Datagram Transport Layer Security  |
| E2E          | End-to-End   |
| EAL5+        | Evaluation Assurance Level 5+  |
| eDRX         | Extended Discontinuous Reception   |
| ERS          | External Reset Input Signal  |
| ESD          | Electrostatic Discharge  |
| FCC          | Federal Communications Commission (United States)                                  |
| FDD          | Frequency Division Duplexing   |
| FOAT         | Firmware update Over AT commands   |
| FOTA         | Firmware update Over The Air   |
| FW           | Firmware   |
| GCF          | Global Certification Forum   |
| GDI          | Generic Digital Interfaces (power domain)  |
| GITEKI       | Gijutsu kijun tekigō shōmei - technical standard conformity certification (Japan)  |
| GMSK         | Gaussian Minimum-Shift Keying modulation   |
| GND          | Ground   |
| GNSS         | Global Navigation Satellite System   |
| GPIO         | General Purpose Input Output   |
| HSDPA        | High Speed Downlink Packet Access  |
| HSUPA        | High Speed Uplink Packet Access  |
| HVIN         | Hardware Version Identification Number   |
| I2C          | Inter-Integrated Circuit Interface   |
| I2S          | Inter-IC Sound Interface   |
| IEC          | International Electrotechnical Commission  |
| IMEI         | International Mobile Equipment Identity  |
| IMS          | IP Multimedia Subsystem  |
| ISED         | Innovation, Science and Economic Development (Canada)                              |
|              |  |

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| Abbreviation | Definition  |  |  |
|--------------|---|--|--|
| KC           | Korea Certification   |  |  |
| KMS          | Key Management Service  |  |  |
| LGA          | Land Grid Array   |  |  |
| LPWA         | Low Power Wide Area   |  |  |
| LTE          | Long Term Evolution   |  |  |
| MIMO         | Multiple-Input Multiple-Output                                    |  |  |
| MNO          | Mobile Network Operator   |  |  |
| MUX          | Multiplexer   |  |  |
| NCC          | National Communications Commission (Taiwan)                       |  |  |
| PA           | Power Amplifier   |  |  |
| PCB          | Printed Circuit Board   |  |  |
| PD           | Pull-Down   |  |  |
| PDP          | Packet Data Protocol  |  |  |
| POS          | Power-On Input Signal   |  |  |
| PMU          | Power Management Unit   |  |  |
| PSM          | Power Saving Mode   |  |  |
| PTCRB        | PCS Type Certification Review Board                               |  |  |
| PU           | Pull-Up   |  |  |
| RAT          | Radio Access Technology   |  |  |
| RCM          | Regulatory Compliance Mark  |  |  |
| REST API     | Representational State Transfer Application Programming Interface |  |  |
| RMC          | Reference Measurement Channel                                     |  |  |
| RTC          | Real Time Clock   |  |  |
| Rx           | Receiver  |  |  |
| TDD          | Time Division Duplexing   |  |  |
| TEE          | Trusted Execution Environment                                     |  |  |
| TLS          | Transport Layer Security  |  |  |
| Tx           | Transmitter   |  |  |
| UART         | Universal Asynchronous Receiver/Transmitter serial interface      |  |  |
| uFOTA        | u-blox Firmware update Over The Air                               |  |  |
| UL           | Up-link (Transmission)  |  |  |
| UMTS         | Universal Mobile Telecommunications System                        |  |  |
| VoLTE        | Voice over LTE  |  |  |
|              |   |  |  |



## Related documentation

- [1] u-blox LARA-R6 / LARA-L6 series AT commands manual, UBX-21046719
- [2] u-blox LARA-R6 / LARA-L6 series system integration manual, UBX-21010011
- [3] u-blox Android RIL source code application note, UBX-13002041
- [4] u-blox GNSS implementation application note, UBX-13001849
- [5] u-blox Mux implementation application note, UBX-13001887
- [6] u-blox package information user guide, UBX-14001652
- [7] u-blox LARA-R6 series application development guide, UBX-22001850
- [8] 3GPP TS 27.007 AT command set for User Equipment (UE)
- [9] 3GPP TS 27.005 Use of Data Terminal Equipment Data Circuit terminating Equipment (DTE DCE) interface for Short Message Service (SMS) and Cell Broadcast Service (CBS)
- [10] 3GPP TS 27.010 Terminal Equipment to User Equipment (TE-UE) multiplexer protocol
- [11] 3GPP TS 36.521-1 Evolved Universal Terrestrial Radio Access; User Equipment conformance specification; radio transmission and reception; part 1: conformance testing
- [12] 3GPP TS 34.121-1 User Equipment conformance specification; radio transmission and reception (FDD); part 1: conformance specification
- [13] 3GPP TS 51.010-1 Mobile Station conformance specification; part 1: conformance specification
- [14] ITU-T recommendation V24, 02-2000. List of definitions for interchange circuits between Data Terminal Equipment (DTE) and Data Connection Equipment (DCE)
- [15] Universal Serial Bus specification, revision 2.0, https://www.usb.org/
- [16] I2C-bus specification and user manual UM10204, https://www.nxp.com/
- [17] IEC 60079-0 Explosive atmospheres, part 0: equipment general requirements
- [18] IEC 60079-11 Explosive atmospheres, part 11: equipment protection by intrinsic safety 'i'
- [19] IEC 60079-26 Explosive atmospheres, part 26: equipment with EPL Ga



For regular updates to u-blox documentation and to receive product change notifications, register on our homepage (www.u-blox.com).

## **Revision history**

| Revision | Date        | Name | Comments  |
|----------|-------------|------|---|
| R01      | 22-Dec-2021 | sses | Initial release   |
| R02      | 20-Oct-2022 | sses | Updated document applicability to LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product versions only.   |
|          |             |      | Revised supported features and compatible services. Added eDRX support.  Updated HSDPA and HSUPA Category. Added reboot feature for RESET_N.  Clarifications in USB description. Added smart temperature supervisor info. |
|          |             |      | Added features for GPIOs. Added parameters for ATEX applications.   |
|          |             |      | Corrected position of a pad in mechanical description. Revised approvals.  Added reels and tapes info.  |
|          |             |      | Minor editorial changes, other figures and clarifications added.  |
| R03      | 28-Mar-2023 | sses | Updated LARA-L6004-00B and LARA-L6004D-00B product status.  |
|          |             |      | Extended document applicability to LARA-L6004-01B, LARA-L6004D-01B and LARA-L6804D-01B.   |
|          |             |      | Revised HSUPA category and module dimension tolerance remark.   |
|          |             |      | Minor other editorial changes and clarifications added.   |



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