Description

The AP7331 is a 300mA, adjustable and fixed output voltage, low dropout linear regulator. The device includes pass element, error amplifier, band-gap, current limit and thermal shutdown circuitry. The device is turned on when EN pin is set to logic high level.

The characteristics of low dropout voltage and low quiescent current make it suitable for low power applications, for example, battery powered devices. The typical quiescent current is approximately 65µA.

Built-in current-limit and thermal-shutdown functions prevent IC from damage in fault conditions.

The AP7331 is available in SOT25 and DFN2020-6 packages.

Features

- 300mA Low Dropout Regulator with EN
- Very low Iq over full load: 65µA
- Wide input voltage range: 2V to 6V
- Wide adjustable output: 0.8V to 5.0V
- Fixed output options: 1.0V to 3.3V
- PSRR: 65dB typical at 100Hz
- Fast start-up time: 80µs
- Stable with low ESR, 1µF ceramic output capacitor
- Excellent Load/Line Transient Response
- Low dropout: 300mV typical at 300mA
- Current limit protection
- Short circuit protection
- Thermal shutdown protection
- Ambient temperature range: -40°C to 85°C
- SOT25 and DFN2020-6: Available in “Green” Molding Compound (No Br, Sb)
- Lead Free Finish/RoHS Compliant (Note 1)

Applications

- XDSL Routers
- Wireless LAN Cards
- Desktop and Notebook Computers
- Battery Powered Equipments

Notes: 1. EU Directive 2002/95/EC (RoHS). All applicable RoHS exemptions applied. Please visit our website at http://www.diodes.com/products/lead_free.html
Typical Application Circuit

![Typical Application Circuit Diagram]

$$V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left(1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}\right)$$

Pin Descriptions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Pin Name</th>
<th>Pin Number</th>
<th>Description</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>IN</td>
<td>1, 3 (fixed)</td>
<td>Voltage input pin. Bypass to ground through at least 1µF capacitor</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>GND</td>
<td>2, 2 (fixed)</td>
<td>Ground</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>3, 1 (fixed)</td>
<td>Enable input, active high</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ADJ</td>
<td>- (adj)</td>
<td>Output feedback pin</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>NC</td>
<td>- (adj)</td>
<td>No connection</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>OUT</td>
<td>4, 5, 6 (adj)</td>
<td>Voltage output pin. Bypass to ground through 1µF ceramic capacitor</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Functional Block Diagram

![Functional Block Diagram]
### Absolute Maximum Ratings

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Ratings</th>
<th>Units</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>ESD HBM</td>
<td>Human Body Model ESD Protection</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>kV</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>ESD MM</td>
<td>Machine Model ESD Protection</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V&lt;sub&gt;IN&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Input Voltage</td>
<td>7</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>EN</td>
<td>EN Voltage</td>
<td>V&lt;sub&gt;IN&lt;/sub&gt; + 0.3</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>TOP</td>
<td>Continuous Load Current</td>
<td>Internal Limited</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T&lt;sub&gt;OP&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Operating Junction Temperature Range</td>
<td>-40 ~ 125</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T&lt;sub&gt;ST&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Storage Temperature Range</td>
<td>-65 ~ 150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>P&lt;sub&gt;D&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Power Dissipation (Note 2)</td>
<td>SOT25 640</td>
<td>mW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DFN2020-6 740</td>
<td>mW</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T&lt;sub&gt;J&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Maximum Junction Temperature</td>
<td>150</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
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</table>

### Recommended Operating Conditions

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Unit</th>
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</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>V&lt;sub&gt;IN&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Input voltage</td>
<td>2</td>
<td>6</td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I&lt;sub&gt;OUT&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Output Current (Note 3)</td>
<td>0</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>mA</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T&lt;sub&gt;A&lt;/sub&gt;</td>
<td>Operating Ambient Temperature</td>
<td>-40</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>°C</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
2. Ratings apply to ambient temperature at 25°C
3. The device maintains a stable, regulated output voltage without a load current.
## Electrical Characteristics

(T\(_A\) = 25°C, \(V_{\text{IN}}\) = \(V_{\text{OUT}} +1\)\(V\), \(C_{\text{IN}}\) = 1\(\mu\)F, \(C_{\text{OUT}}\) = 1\(\mu\)F, \(V_{\text{EN}}\) = 2\(V\), unless otherwise stated)

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Symbol</th>
<th>Parameter</th>
<th>Test Conditions</th>
<th>Min</th>
<th>Typ.</th>
<th>Max</th>
<th>Unit</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>I(_Q)</td>
<td>Input Quiescent Current</td>
<td>(V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}, I_{\text{OUT}} = 0)mA</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>55</td>
<td>75</td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>(V_{\text{EN}} = V_{\text{IN}}, I_{\text{OUT}} = 300)mA</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>65</td>
<td>85</td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{SHDN}})</td>
<td>Input Shutdown Current</td>
<td>(V_{\text{EN}} = 0)V, (I_{\text{OUT}} = 0)mA</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{LEAK}})</td>
<td>Input Leakage Current</td>
<td>(V_{\text{EN}} = 0)V, (\text{OUT grounded})</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(_{\text{DROP}})</td>
<td>Dropout Voltage (Note 4)</td>
<td>(I_{\text{OUT}} = 300)mA</td>
<td>300</td>
<td>550</td>
<td>mV</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(_{\text{REF ADJ}})</td>
<td>ADJ Reference Voltage (Adjustable version)</td>
<td>(I_{\text{OUT}} = 0)mA</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{ADJ ADJ}})</td>
<td>ADJ Leakage (Adjustable version)</td>
<td>—</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(V_{\text{OUT}})</td>
<td>Output Voltage Accuracy</td>
<td>(T_{\text{A}} = -40)°C to 85°C, (I_{\text{OUT}} = 30)mA</td>
<td>-2</td>
<td>2</td>
<td></td>
<td>%</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}/\Delta V_{\text{IN}}/V)</td>
<td>Line Regulation</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = (V_{\text{OUT}} +1)V) to (V_{\text{IN-Max}}, V_{\text{EN}}, I_{\text{OUT}} = 1)mA</td>
<td>0.01</td>
<td>0.20</td>
<td>%/V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\Delta V_{\text{OUT}}/V_{\text{OUT}})</td>
<td>Load Regulation</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = (V_{\text{OUT}} +1)V) to (V_{\text{IN-Max}}, I_{\text{OUT}}\text{ from 1mA to 300mA})</td>
<td>-0.6</td>
<td>0.6</td>
<td>%</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t(_{\text{ST}})</td>
<td>Start-up Time</td>
<td>(V_{\text{EN}} = 0)V to 2.0V, (V_{\text{OUT}} = 1)V, (I_{\text{OUT}} = 300)mA</td>
<td>80</td>
<td></td>
<td>(\mu)s</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>PSRR</td>
<td>PSRR</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = \left[ V_{\text{OUT}} +1\right]V_{\text{DC}} + 0.5V_{\text{PPAC}}, f = 100)Hz, (I_{\text{OUT}}\text{ =30mA})</td>
<td>65</td>
<td></td>
<td>dB</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{SHORT}})</td>
<td>Short-circuit Current</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IN-Min}}\text{ to }V_{\text{IN-Max}}, V_{\text{OUT}} &lt; 0.2)V</td>
<td>100</td>
<td></td>
<td>mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{LIMIT}})</td>
<td>Current Limit</td>
<td>(V_{\text{OUT}}/R_{\text{OUT}} \geq 1)A</td>
<td>400</td>
<td>600</td>
<td>mA</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(_{\text{IL}})</td>
<td>EN Input Logic Low Voltage</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IN-Min}}\text{ to }V_{\text{IN-Max}})</td>
<td>0.4</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>V(_{\text{IH}})</td>
<td>EN Input Logic High Voltage</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = V_{\text{IN-Min}}\text{ to }V_{\text{IN-Max}})</td>
<td>1.4</td>
<td></td>
<td>V</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>I(_{\text{EN}})</td>
<td>EN Input Current</td>
<td>(V_{\text{IN}} = 0)V or (V_{\text{EN-Max}})</td>
<td>1</td>
<td></td>
<td>(\mu)A</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>t(_{\text{SHDN}})</td>
<td>Thermal Shutdown Threshold</td>
<td></td>
<td>140</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>T(_{\text{HYS}})</td>
<td>Thermal Shutdown Hysteresis</td>
<td></td>
<td>15</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(\theta_{\text{JA}})</td>
<td>Thermal Resistance Junction-to-Ambient</td>
<td>SOT25 (Note 5)</td>
<td>190</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td></td>
<td></td>
<td>DFN2020-6 (Note 6)</td>
<td>167</td>
<td></td>
<td>°C/W</td>
<td></td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Notes:
- 4. Dropout voltage is the voltage difference between the input and the output at which the output voltage drops 2% below its nominal value. This parameter only applies to output voltages above 1.8\(V\).
- 5. Test conditions for SOT25: Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PCB, with minimum recommended pad layout, 2oz copper, single sided.
- 6. Test conditions for DFN2020-6: Device mounted on FR-4 substrate PCB, with minimum recommended pad layout, 2oz copper, double sided, bottom layer is a copper plane.
Typical Characteristics

- **Quiescent Current vs Input Voltage**
  - Load = 300 mA
  - VOUT = 3.3 V
  - 90°C
  - 25°C
  - -45°C

- **Reference Voltage vs Input Voltage**
  - VOUT = 3.3 V
  - 90°C
  - 25°C
  - -45°C

- **Line Regulation (%/V)**
  - VOUT = 3.3 V
  - VIN = VOUT + 1 V
  - 90°C
  - 25°C
  - -45°C

- **Load Regulation (%)**
  - VOUT = 3.3 V
  - VIN = VOUT + 1 V
  - 90°C
  - 25°C
  - -45°C

- **Dropout Voltage**
  - VOUT = 3.3 V
  - 90°C
  - 25°C
  - -45°C
Typical Characteristics (Continued)

Short Circuit vs Input Voltage

Current Limit vs Input Voltage

PSRR

PSRR
Typical Characteristics (Continued)

Start-Up Time (No Load)

\[ V_{EN} = 0 \text{ to } 2V \quad (1V/\text{div}) \]
\[ V_{IN} = 4.3V \]
\[ C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1uF \]
\[ V_{OUT} = 3.3V \quad (1V/\text{div}) \]

Start-Up Time (300mA Load)

\[ V_{EN} = 0 \text{ to } 2V \quad (1V/\text{div}) \]
\[ V_{IN} = 4.3V \]
\[ C_{IN} = C_{OUT} = 1uF \]
\[ I_{OUT} = 300mA \quad (300mA/\text{div}) \]

Line Transient Response

\[ V_{IN} = 4.3V \text{ to } 5.3V \quad (1V/\text{div}) \]
\[ T_{TR} = 10us \]
\[ V_{OUT} = 3.3V \quad (50mV/\text{div}) \]
\[ I_{OUT} = 300mA \quad (300mA/\text{div}) \]

Load Transient Response

\[ V_{OUT} = 3.3V \quad (100mV/\text{div}) \]
\[ I_{OUT} = 1mA \text{ to } 300mA \quad (100mA/\text{div}) \]
\[ T_{TR} = T_{TF} = 10us \]
\[ V_{IN} = 4.3V \]

Time (50us/div)

Time (50us/div)

Time (100us/div)

Time (100us/div)
Application Note

Input Capacitor
A 1\textmu F ceramic capacitor is recommended to connect between \( V_{IN} \) and GND pins to decouple input power supply glitch and noise. The amount of the capacitance may be increased without limit. This input capacitor must be located as close as possible to the device to assure input stability and less noise. For PCB layout, a wide copper trace is required for both \( V_{IN} \) and GND. A lower ESR capacitor allows the use of less capacitance, while higher ESR type requires more capacitance.

Output Capacitor
The output capacitor is required to stabilize and help transient response for LDO. The AP7331 is stable with very small ceramic output capacitors. The recommended capacitance is from 1\textmu F to 4.7\textmu F, Equivalent Series Resistance (ESR) is from 10m\Omega to 200m\Omega, and temperature characteristic is X7R or X5R. Higher capacitance values help to improve load/line transient response. The output capacitance may be increased to keep low undershoot/overshoot. Place output capacitor as close as possible to OUT and GND pins, and keep the leads as short as possible.

Adjustable Operation
The AP7331 provides output voltage from 0.8V to 5.0V through external resistor divider as shown below.

\[
\begin{align*}
V_{IN} & \quad \text{IN} & \quad \text{OUT} & \quad V_{OUT} \\
1\text{uF} & \quad \text{EN} & \quad \text{OUT} & \quad \text{GND} \\
\text{AP7331} & \quad \text{EN} & \quad \text{ADJ} & \quad \text{GND} \\
1\text{uF} & \quad R_1 & \quad R_2
\end{align*}
\]

The output voltage is calculated by:

\[ V_{OUT} = V_{REF} \left( \frac{1}{1 + \frac{R_1}{R_2}} \right) \]

Where \( V_{REF} = 0.4V \) (the internal reference voltage)

Rearranging the equation will give the following that is used for adjusting the output to a particular voltage:

\[ R_1 = \frac{R_2}{1 - \frac{V_{OUT}}{V_{REF}}} \]

To maintain the stability of the internal reference voltage, \( R_0 \) need to be kept smaller than 125k\Omega.

No Load Stability
Other than external resistor divider, no minimum load is required to keep the device stable. The device will remain stable and regulated in no load condition.

ON/OFF Input Operation
The AP7331 is turned on by setting the EN pin high, and is turned off by pulling it low. If this feature is not used, the EN pin should be tied to IN pin to keep the regulator output on at all time. To ensure proper operation, the signal source used to drive the EN pin must be able to swing above and below the specified turn-on/off voltage thresholds listed in the Electrical Characteristics section under \( V_{IL} \) and \( V_{IH} \).

Current Limit Protection
When output current at OUT pin is higher than current limit threshold, the current limit protection will be triggered and clamp the output current to approximately 600mA to prevent over-current and to protect the regulator from damage due to overheating.

Short Circuit Protection
When OUT pin is short-circuit to GND or OUT pin voltage is less than 200mV, short-circuit protection will be triggered and clamp the output current to approximately 100mA. This feature protects the regulator from over-current and damage due to overheating.

Thermal Shutdown Protection
Thermal protection disables the output when the junction temperature rises to approximately +140°C, allowing the device to cool down. When the junction temperature reduces to approximately +125°C the output circuitry is enabled again. Depending on power dissipation, thermal resistance, and ambient temperature, the thermal protection circuit may cycle on and off. This cycling limits the heat dissipation of the regulator, protecting it from damage due to overheating.

Ultra Fast Start-up
After enabled, the AP7331 is able to provide full power in as little as tens of microseconds, typically 80\mu s, without sacrificing low ground current. This feature will help load circuitry move in and out of standby mode in real time, eventually extend battery life for mobile phones and other portable devices.

Fast Transient Response
Fast transient response LDOs can extend battery life. TDMA-based cell phone protocols such as Global System for Mobile Communications (GSM) have a transmit/receive duty factor of only 12.5 percent, enabling power savings by putting much of the baseband circuitry into standby mode in between transmit cycles. In baseband circuits, the load often transitions virtually instantaneously from 100\mu A to 100mA. To meet this load requirement, the LDO must react very quickly without a large voltage drop or overshoot — a requirement that cannot be met with conventional, general-purpose LDOs.
Application Note (Continued)

Fast Transient Response (Continued)
The AP7331’s fast transient response from 0 to 300mA provides stable voltage supply for fast DSP and GSM chipset with fast changing load.

Small Overshoot and Undershoot
The AP7331 has small and controlled overshoot and undershoot in load and line transitions. This helps to protect supplied circuit from damage and operation error caused by glitches. This feature also permits the usage of small value output decoupling capacitor with AP7331.

Low Quiescent Current
The AP7331, consuming only around 65µA for all input range and output loading, provides great power saving in portable and low power applications.

Wide Output Range
The AP7331, with a wide output range of 0.8V to 5.0V, provides a versatile LDO solution for many portable applications.

Ordering Information

AP7331 - XX XX G - 7

Output Package Green Packing
Blank : ADJ W : SOT25 G : Green 7 : Tape & Reel
10 : 1.0V 12 : 1.2V 15 : 1.5V 18 : 1.8V
20 : 2.0V 25 : 2.5V 28 : 2.8V
30 : 3.0V 33 : 3.3V

Device Package Code Packaging (Note 7) 7” Tape and Reel

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package Code</th>
<th>Packaging (Note 7)</th>
<th>Quantity</th>
<th>Part Number Suffix</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP7331-XXWG-7</td>
<td>W</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>3000/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-7</td>
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<tr>
<td>AP7331-XXSNG-7</td>
<td>SN</td>
<td>DFN2020-6</td>
<td>3000/Tape &amp; Reel</td>
<td>-7</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Note: 7. Pad layout as shown on Diodes Inc. suggested pad layout document AP02001, which can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02001.pdf.

Marking Information

1. SOT25
### Package Identification Code

#### Identification Code
- **XX**: Identification code
- **Y**: Year (0~9)
- **W**: Week: A~Z: 1~26 week, a~z: 27~52 week; z represents 52 and 53 week
- **X**: A~Z: Green

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Device</th>
<th>Package</th>
<th>Identification Code</th>
</tr>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>AP7331-ADJ</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>QJ</td>
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<td>AP7331-10</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>QK</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>AP7331-12</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>QL</td>
</tr>
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<td>AP7331-15</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>QM</td>
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<tr>
<td>AP7331-33</td>
<td>SOT25</td>
<td>QS</td>
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</tbody>
</table>

#### Package Outline Dimensions

1. **Package Type: SOT25**

2. **DFN2020-6**

### Package Outline Dimensions (All Dimensions in mm)

#### SOT25

#### DFN2020-6
2. Package Type: DFN2020-6
Notes: 8. The taping orientation of the other package type can be found on our website at http://www.diodes.com/datasheets/ap02007.pdf
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   2. support or sustain life and whose failure to perform when properly used in accordance with instructions for use provided in the labeling can be reasonably expected to result in significant injury to the user.

B. A critical component is any component in a life support device or system whose failure to perform can be reasonably expected to cause the failure of the life support device or to affect its safety or effectiveness.

Customers represent that they have all necessary expertise in the safety and regulatory ramifications of their life support devices or systems, and acknowledge and agree that they are solely responsible for all legal, regulatory and safety-related requirements concerning their products and any use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems, notwithstanding any devices- or systems-related information or support that may be provided by Diodes Incorporated. Further, Customers must fully indemnify Diodes Incorporated and its representatives against any damages arising out of the use of Diodes Incorporated products in such safety-critical, life support devices or systems.

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